lndex 62.37 *



5950 AGER ROAD • HYATTSVILLE, MD.

A Descriptive Price List

Warfield 1287



Hyattsville 5473

GENERAL INFORMATION — Terms and Conditions of Sale PLEASE READ CAREFULLY

- WE EXERCISE the greatest care to keep our varieties pure and true to name and at all times hold ourselves in readiness to replace stock that proves otherwise. It is mutually understood that in no instance shall J. H. Burton's Nursery be held liable for an amount greater than the original purchase price. All orders accepted subject to stock on hand or circumstances beyond our control.
- WE GUARANTEE every plant to be true to name, up to grade, and in good condition when it leaves the Nursery. We will replace without charge any proved otherwise, provided it is reported promptly.
 - We will make one free replacement at the first proper planting season, and any plant planted by us in a location approved by us that dies within six months, provided it has received proper care and the account has been paid in accordance with our terms.
- ALL COMPLAINTS, if any, must be made in writing. No phone calls acknowledged. If replacement is desired, we suggest that you bring your plant and sales slip in any day except Saturday or Sunday, and plants can be obtained immediately. This must be done within the guarantee period. Planting charge additional, if desired.
- ALL HARDY ornamental plants and trees purchased at our Nursery or sales grounds and not planted by us will not be guaranteed.
 - These guarantees do not cover losses due to droughts, storms, severe winters, insect injury, disease, or other factors beyond our control. Should we not have the same plant in stock, we reserve the right to substitute the nearest variety and size of equal value.
- NO LAWN WORK of any kind guaranteed.

 The above guarantee supersedes any previous guarantees.
- PLANTS SPECIALLY SELECTED at the Nursery will be sold at prices commensurate with the specimen chosen, irrespective of the listed prices.
- CONSULTATION AND MAKING OF PLANS. For suggestions and advice by mail or at our office there is no charge. If you will bring your property measurements and sketches or photos, we will be pleased to help you. Where simple sketches or plans are required locally, or at a distance when special trips are not necessary, there is no charge.
 - As the time required to visit your property, take measurements and notes and prepare a detailed survey and plan depends upon distance and other conditions, it is impractical to quote costs beforehand. Oftentimes the cost of this service can be deducted if the resultant order justifies it.
- TERMS: Cash, excepting established accounts, to which we will gladly extend 30 days credit, or longer if specific arrangements are made at time of sale.
- BALLING AND BURLAPPING (B&B): The specification "B&B" in this list signifies digging with ball of earth and enclosing in burlap, which, where indicated, is included in the price. For digging all other plants in this manner there is an additional charge as follows:

SCHEDULE OF BALLING CHARGES (B&B)—Shade and Flowering Trees, Fruit Trees and Flowering Shrubs:

Height	*Caliper	Height	*Caliper
18-24" \$.40	1-11/4"\$ 2.00	8-10' 3.75	3-31/2" 8.00
2-3'50	11/4-11/2" 2.50		31/2-4" 10.50
3-4'	11/2-13/4" 3.25	12-14' 7.50	4-5" 16.50
4-5' 1.00	13/4-2" 4.00	14-16' 10.00	5-6" 21.00
5-6' 1.50	2-21/2" 4.50	16-18' 15.00	
6-8' 2.50	21/2-3" 6.00	18-20' 20.00	

- *Caliper means diameter of trunk 6" above ground on trees up to 6" caliper and 12" above ground on larger trees. Wherever given, use caliper sizes to determine B&B charges.
- PLANTING: We can furnish experienced planting foreman and plantsmen if you wish. The cost of this service is more than offset by the satisfaction of knowing that your plants have been given the right start. This service will run approximately one-third of the cost of plants. Minimum charge of \$5.00.

GOOD LANDSCAPING IS ONE OF THE FEW INVESTMENTS ABOUT YOUR HOME THAT INCREASES IN VALUE AS THE YEARS GO BY

Evergreens -

Green of every shade and hue, charmingly contrasted with blue, gold and gray, their foliage is always pleasing. Pyramidal or erect, globular or spreading, you can find forms for every fancy. For groups or screening, in shelter planting or hedges, you have nothing quite to equal them. In summer they are attractive, in winter they offer a comforting note to the bleak landscape and under the weight of ice and snow their great drooping branches lend enchantment and cheer.

CARE OF EVERGREENS

PLANTING. The hole which is to receive the plant should be much larger than the ball, and the surrounding soil loosened. When planting, the burlap should be removed where balls of earth are solid but when balls appear not to be solid it is advisable to place plant in hole, cover with earth partially, and cut off upper portion of burlap. In either case, fill in around ball with loose dirt nearly to top of ground and water so as to soak the soil around the ball thoroughly. After settling a few minutes, pull enough dirt around the top to complete the planting. Leave the soil around the plant saucer-shaped to catch water. This water process of planting requires no tamping of soil.

PRUNING. Most all evergreens are inclined to grow "open" and where compact specimens are wanted (and this is especially true of evergreens used along foundation walls), shearing should be done occasionally. In March or April, go over the whole tree with an ordinary hedge shear, clipping in the terminals. This causes the inside branches to develop and also new buds are formed where the cut is made. Thus a number of new branches are formed that hide the unsightly interior of open trees. They may be trimmed later in the summer also if desired.

What You Can Do To Help Keep Plants Alive and Healthy

As there are many factors beyond our control (such as droughts, storms, severe winters, disease and insect injury) after plants leave the nursery, we cannot be wholly responsible for losses. Once a plant is on your property we lose control over it, so since your care will largely determine whether a plant lives or dies, we feel that you should assume part of the responsibility in the event it dies.

People sometimes forget that plants are living things and that they require attention and care after they leave the nursery just as they did before. Transplanting a plant is comparable to operating on a person. It has a weakening effect and occasionally one fails to survive. The following are important phases of the care necessary to keep plants alive and healthy. If you request it, we will gladly explain any of them in detail.

Cultivation around plant

Spraying

Watering

Feeding

Mulching

Protection against winters and storms

Pruning

Removal of trunk wrapping (if any) after

2 years

Keeping guy wires from damaging trunk and branches

VISITORS ARE WELCOME at all times. You are cordially invited to walk over our grounds and inspect our collection of hardy plants.

ABIES-FIR

- A. CONCOLOR (White Fir). One of the finest of all firs. Grows 75-100 ft. and likes full sun.
- 2 to 21/2 ft..... 7.50 15 to 18 in.... 4.00 18 to 24 in.... 6.00
- A. NORDMANNIANA (Nordmann Fir). Dark green, 75-100 ft., and grows in sun or partial shade.
- 21/2 to 3 ft.....15.00 18 to 24 in.... 7.50 2 to 21/2 ft.....10.00

CEDRUS-THE CEDAR

- C. DEODORA (Indian Cedar). A stately tree with foliage glaucous green; branches featherly and spreading.
- 4 to 5' B&B....15.00 18 to 24" B&B.. 5.00 2 to 3' B&B... 7.50 5 to 6' B&B....20.00 3 to 4' B&B...10.00 6 to 7' B&B....30.00
- C. LIBANOTICA (Cedar of Lebanon). The historical cedar used in the building of Solomon's Temple.

Prices same as C. Deodora.

CHAMAECYPARIS— RETINOSPORAS AND CYPRESS

C. LAWSO	NIANA	GLA	UCA. I	Han	dso	me py-
ramidal metallic	shape					

18	to	24	in	3.50	3 to	4	ft	9.00
0	4-	9	#A	0.00				

C. OBT	USA	(Hinol	ki Cypi	ress).	25-35	ft.
			grows	well	in sun	or
partial	shade					

3	to	4	ft 7.50	5	to	6	ft15.00
4	to	5	ft10.00	6	to	7	ft22.50

C. OBTUSA CRIFFSI (Criffs Golden Cypress). 8-10 ft. Slow growing, beautiful golden shade. Likes full sun.

15	to	18	In	4.50	2 to 2½ ft 7.50
18	to	24	In	6.00	2½ to 3 ft 9.00

C. OBTUSA GRACILIS (Slender Hinoki Cypress). 12-15 ft. Dark green with crinkly foliage. Partial shade.

15	to	18	in	4.00	2 to 21/2	ft	7.00
18	to	24	in	5.00	21/2 to 3	ft	8.50
					3 to 4	ft	10.00

C. OBTUSA NANA (Dwarf Hinoki Cypress). 2-3 ft. The most dwarf and compact of all the Cypress; very useful in the rock garden or tubs. The foliage is rich green. Assumes an interesting, aged appearance.

			in			_		in	
12	to	15	in	5.00	18	to 2	24	in	9.00

C. PISIFERA FILIFERA (Thread Retinospora). 15-20 ft. Has long drooping branches with bright green foliage. Very graceful and decorative, useful in all evergreen plantinas.

15	to	18	in	2.25	24	to	30	in	4.50
18	to	24	in	3.50	30	to	36	in	6.00

C. PISIFERA PLUMOSA (Plume Retinospora). Light green foliage, soft and feathery. When sheared, makes a compact plant which can be used either around the foundation of the house or as a lawn specimen.

18	to	24	in	3.00	3	to	4	ft	6.50
24	to	30	in	4.00	4	to	5	ft	8.50
30	to	36	in	5.00	5	to	6	ft	10.00

C. PISIFERA PLUMOSA AUREA (Goldenplume Retinospora). Bright golden yellow. A striking individual form which makes an interesting contrast against the usual green of evergreens.

Prices same as Plumosa.

C. PISIFERA SQUARROSA VEITCHII (Veitch's Silver Cypress). Pyramidal and dense in growth, with blue-green, feathery foliage. A beautiful evergreen and one good for grouping.

15	to	18	in	3.00	3	to	4	ft 7.50
18	to	24	in	4.00	4	to	5	ft 9.50
24	to	30	in	5.00	5	to	6	ft11.00
30	to	36	in	6.00				

JUNIPERUS-THE JUNIPERS

J.	CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA	HETZI (Hetz's
	Juniper). One of the most	colorful of all
	Pfitzers. A new strain. Blue	in color; com-
	pact habit of growth. Likes	full sun.

12	to	15	in	4.00	18	to	24	in	7.00
15	to	18	in	5.00	2	to	21/2	ft	9.00

J. CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA JUNIPER. A very hardy, valuable, spreading variety, with silvery green color. Both the main stems and lateral shoots have a light, feathery appearance.

12 to 15 in. spread	3.50
15 to 18 in. spread	4.50
18 to 24 in. spread	7.00
24 to 30 in. spread	8.00
30 to 36 in. spread	10.00
36 to 42 in. spread	12.50
42 to 48 in. spread	15.00
4 to 5 ft. spread	20.00
5 to 6 ft. spread	35.00

J. COMMUNIS DEPRESSA PLUMOSA (Andorra Juniper). A low growing plant, turns purple color in fall. Likes full sun. 3-4 ft.

12	to	15	in.	spread	 	 	 	 	 . 3.50
15	to	18	in.	spread	 	 	 	 	 . 4.50
18	to	24	in.	spread	 	 	 	 ٠	 . 7.00
24	to	30	in.	spread	 	 	 	 	 . 8.00
30	to	36	in.	spread	 	 	 	 	 .10.00
3	to	4 f	t. s	pread	 	 	 	 	 .12.50

J. COMMUNIS HIBERNICA (Irish Juniper). A slender, columnar tree that is distinctively attractive. Foliage is gray-green in color.

18	to	24	in	3.00	4	to	5	ft 8.00
2	to	3	ft	4.00	5	to	6	ft10.50
3	to	4	ft	6.00				

J. EXCELSA STRICTA (Stricta Juniper). Compact, well-shaped pyramid with greygreen foliage. Very useful for formal effects. Also for foundations.

15	to	18	in	5.00	30	to	36	in10.00
18	to	24	in	6.00	36	to	42	in12.00
24	to	30	in	8.00	42	to	48	in15.00

J. SQUAMATA MEYERI (Meyer Juniper). A comparatively new variety, dwarf and of irregular habit of growth. The color is iridescent, the general effect being silvery blue, the tips taking purple tints in winter. A thing of great beauty in the rock garden.

12	to	15	in	4.00	18	to 24	in 8.00
15	to	18	in	6.00	24	to 30	in10.00

J. VIRGINIA (Redcedar). 30-50 ft. Useful where tall accents are needed or formal effects desired. Tall and slender, with rich, dark green foliage. Very hardy.

3	to	4	ft 8.00	6 to 7	ft	15.00
4	to	5	ft10.00	Larger	sizes,	3.00 ft.
5	to	6	ft12.00			

JUNIPERUS (continued)

J. VIRGINIANA CANNARTI (Cannart Redcedar). 12-15 ft. Very deep, rich blackishgreen foliage; dense-growing columnar form. Truly an aristocrat.

18	to	24 in	5.50	4 to	5	ft10.00
2	to	21/2 ft	6.00	5 to	6	ft12.00
3	to	4 ft.	8.00	6 to	7	ft 16.00

J. VIRGINIANA GLAUCA (Silver Redcedar). Outstandingly popular because of its silvery blue-gray foliage and graceful feathery tipped branchlets. Very distinctive.

	-	J				- /		
2	to	3	ft	. 6.00	4	to	5	ft12.00
3	to	4	ft	. 9.00	5	to	6	ft15.00

PICEA—THE SPRUCES

P. EXCELSA (Norway Spruce). 80-100 ft. This evergreen is much appreciated for its very rapid growth, thriftiness, and heavy masses of dark green foliage. Adapts itself to almost any soil. Most satisfactory for windbreaks and hedges.

18	to	24	in	4.00	4 to 5	ft12.00
2	to	3	ft	6.00	5 to 6	ft15.00
3	to	4	ft	8.00	Larger	sizes 3.50 ft.

P. CANADENSIS A L B A (White Spruce). Small needle silver spruce, similar to Norway in growth habit.

18	to	24	in	4.00	3	to	4	ft 9.00
2	to	21/2	ft	5.50	4	to	5	ft12.00
2!	/2 t	0 3	ft	7.00	5	to	6	ft16.50

P. PUNGENS G L A U C A (Blue Colorado Spruce). 60-80 ft. An evergreen of similar habit to the Canadensis Alba, with distinctly gray-blue foliage, which is dense and of a wonderful velvety texture.

18	to	24	in	6.50	3	to	4	ft12.50
2	to	21/2	ft	8.50	4	to	5	ft16.50
2	to :	3 ft		0.00	5	to	6	ft20.00

P. PUNGENS KOSTERI (Koster Blue Spruce). This is the bluest of the spruces. Similar habit of growth to above.

18	to	24 in	12.00	21/2 to	3	ft22.50
2	to	21/2 ft	15.00	3 to 3!	/2	ft30.00

PINUS—THE PINES

P. MONTANA M U G H U S)Mugho Pine). Dwarf evergreen. Slow growing, very hardy, compact and neat in habit. Most valuable where a low, dense evergreen growth is desired.

12	to	15	in	4.00	18	to	24	in	7.50
15	to	18	in	6.00	2	to	3	ft	8.00

P. STROBUS (White Pine). 80-100 ft. A handsome, noble native with soft, feathery bluish-green foliage. The numerous cones lend a touch of the wide open spaces.

					** • •		~~	ii opacosi
2	to	3	ft	7.00	5	to	6	ft17.00
3	to	4	ft	9.00	6	to	7	ft20.00
4	+0	K	44	12.00				

PINUS (continued)

- P. NIGRI AUSTRIACA (Austrian Pine).
- P. RESINOSA (Red Pine).
- P. SYLVESTRIS (Scotch Pine).
 Prices same as P. Strobus.

TAXUS—THE YEWS

T. BREVIFOLIA (English Yew). Dark green foliage and reddish, flaky bark; spreading branches, forming a low, broad head.

15	to	18	in	5.50	2 to 21/2	ft	.10.00
18	to	24	in	8.00	21/2 to 3	ft	.14.00

T. CUSPIDATA (Spreading Japanese Yew).
Compact, spreading, with rich, dark green foliage and often bejeweled with brilliant crimson fruits in autumn. Perfectly hardy and very desirable. Likes shade or sun.

15	to	18	in	5.00	30	to	36	in12.00
18	to	24	in	8.00	36	to	42	in16.00
24	to	30	in	10.00	42	to	48	in20.00

T. BACCATA REPANDENS (Spreading English Yew). 2-3 ft. A most useful plant for low plantings or large rock gardens, very rich green, handsome in the winter landscape.

12	to	15	in	5.50	18	to 2	24	in	10.00
15	to	18	in	7.00	24	to 3	30	in	12.00

T. MEDIA HICKSI (Hicks Yew). 10-15 ft. Distinctly columnar form with upright branches. Exceptionally useful in lending the formal note.

15	to	18	in	6.50	30	to	36	in12.00
18	to	24	in	8.00	3	to	4	ft17.50
24	to	30	in	12.00	4	to	5	ft20.00

T. CUSPIDATA CAPITATA (Upright Japanese Yew). Used as single specimens and for hedges and windbreaks. One of the finest of the Japanese Yew, somewhat open in growth, with rich, dark green foliage. Particularly beautiful when covered with light green tips of new growth in the spring. A very choice evergreen.

15	to	18	in 5.00	30	to	36	in15.00
18	to	24	in 8.00	36	to	42	in17.00
24	to	30	in10.00	42	to	48	in25.00

THUJA-THE ARBORVITAES

T. OCCIDENTALIS A MERICANA COM-PACTA (American Arborvitae). The habit is erect and pyramidal, the foliage soft and dark green in color. They are unequaled as tall hedges to form screens from unsightly objects. They may be kept at any height.

2	to	3	ft	4.50	4	to	5	ft		8.50
3	to	4	ft	6.50	5	to	6	ft	1	1.00
					L	arc	er	Sizes	3.00	ft.

Buxus -- Boxwood - - -

Boxwood plays a leading part in the history of American and English gardening. This plant aristocrat can boast of an enviable reputation, for its vigor, health, appearance, and adaptability have combined to make it an all-American choice for foundation and border plantings. Boxwood carries such an air of dignity, and yet simplicity, with it that it is distinctive in both large and small gardens.

Because Boxwood is so slow growing, fine old specimens are worth a small fortune, for they have been centuries in the making. Fortunately, smaller plants are also available, so that today's gardeners can enjoy their Box as it grows.

B. SEMPERVIRENS (Bush-Box). The variety with small, dark green leaves; fresh and glossy. A compact grower, thrives in any soil and does well in shaded places. Can be trimmed to any shape and used extensively for hedges and formal gardens.

10	to	12 in	1.50	15 t	o 18	in 3	.00
12	to	15 in	2.00	18 t	0 21	in 5	.00
				21 t	0 24	in 6	.50
24	in.	specimens.				8	3.00
		specimens					
36	in.	specimens.				18	.00
42	in.	specimens.				20	.00
48	in.	specimens.				27	.50
54	in.	specimens.				35	.00
60	in.	specimens.				50	.00
		r sizes pric					

B. SUFFRUTICOSA (Dwarf Boxwood). This is the Old English variety, having small, dense foliage, growing slowly and remaining dwarf and compact. It is the form used for edging in old Colonial gardens. Bushy plants.

6	to	8 i	n	1.00	16	to	18	in10.00
8	to	10	in	1.50	18	to	20	in12.50
10	to	12	in	3.00	20	to	22	in18.00
12	to	14	in	5.00	22	to	24	in25.00
14	to	16	in	7.00	24	to	27	in30.00

Also a few beautiful old specimen pieces from 2 to 4 ft. in height. Prices quoted on request.

THUJA (continued)

T. OCCIDENTALIS GLOBOSA (Globe Arborvitae). This small, dwarf evergreen is true to name, having a very round or globe-shaped outline. Very hardy, and made more depse and bushy by trimming. Ornamental, and most satisfactory.

10	to	12	in	2.50	18	to	24	in	5.50
12	to	15	in	3.50	24	to	30	in	6.50
15	to	18	in	4.50	30	to	36	in	8.00

T. OCCIDENTALIS LUTEA (George Peabody Arborvitae). A well-known variety forming a broad pyramid, with conspicuous golden yellow foliage.

18	to	24 in	3.50	3	to	4	ft	7.50
2	to	3 ft	5,50	4	to	5	ft	9.00

T. OCCIDENTALIS PYRAMIDALIS (Pyramidal Arborvitae). This is one of the very best of the Arborvitaes. It is distinctly columnar in growth, while its glossy, dark green foliage is equally attractive both winter and summer. A formal plant, and fine for accents.

18	to	24	in	3.50	4 to 5	ft 9.00
2	to	3	ft	5.00	5 to 6	ft14.00
3	to	4	ft	7.00	Larger	sizes 3.00 ft

T. ORIENTALIS A U R E A N A N A (Biota) (Berckman's Golden Arborvitae). 3-5 ft. A gem for dwarf planting; compact, roundish shape, slightly pointed at the top; warm golden-yellow foliage.

12	to	15	in	3.50	2 to 21/2 ft 8	.50
15	to	18	in	4.50	21/2 to 3 ft10	.00
18	to	24	in	6.50	3 to 4 ft12	.00

T. ORIENTALIS ELEGANTISSIMA (Biota.)
9-12 ft. A slender bushy tree covered in
the spring with bright yellow foliage which
becomes yellowish green in summer and
a most attractive dark golden bronze in
the winter.

18	to	24	in	3.50	4	to	5	ft 9.00
2	to	3	ft	5.00	5	to	6	ft12.00
3	to	4	ft	6.50	6	to	7	ft18.00
					L	arg	er	sizes 3.50 ft.

TSUGA—THE HEMLOCKS

T. CANADENSIS (Canadian Hemlock), 75-90 ft. A most desirable evergreen tree, very graceful and adaptable for specimens or groups. The spreading horizontal branches create soft shallow effects; perfectly at home in the coldest or shadiest exposures.

			in			ft	
2	to	3	ft	8.50		sizes	

Broadleaf Evergreens - - -

Modern home-plantings cannot be considered as complete—or hardly begun—if they do not contain a liberal supply of Broadleaf Evergreens. They are needed for the green foliage which gives color all the year, especially in winter when warmth and color are demanded.

ABELIA GRANDIFLORA (A. Rupestris). One
of our most beautiful, popular and satis-
factory broad leaved evergreens. The
graceful, drooping stems and branches are
covered with dark, glossy leaves which in
winter assume a metallic green. From the
middle of May until frost this plant pro-
duces an immense quantity of tubular-
shaped white flowers.

15	to	18	in	3.00	30	to	36	in	6.50
18	to	24	in	4.50	36	to	42	in	7.50
24	to	30	in	5.50	42	to	48	in	10.00

ACUBA JAPONICA VARIEGATA (Gold Dust Tree). Yellow spotted leaves.

3 in.	pots	1.50	24 to 30	in	5.50
40 40	24 in	4.00			

BERRERIS—THE BARBERRY

- B. JULIANAE (Wintergreen Barberry). Hardy, erect plant of compact growth with spiny glossy green leaves throughout the winter. Flowers yellow in spring.
- 15 to 18 in..... 4.00 24 to 30 in..... 6.00 18 to 24 in.... 5.50 30 to 36 in..... 7.50
- B. BARBERRY SARGENTIANA (Sargent Barberry). Broad leaves, bright green on the upper side and gray-green beneath. Orange berries and low-spreading, dense growth. Hardy.

15 to	18	in	3.00	24 t	0 30	in.	 6.00
18 to	24	in	4.00	36 t	0 42	in.	 10.00

- B. VERRUCULOSA (Warty Barberry). Small, spiny foliage, dark green above, white beneath. Black fruit. 2 to 3 ft.
- 12 to 15 in..... 3.00 15 to 18 in..... 4.00

CAMELLIAS (see pages 46 and 47)

COTONEASTER

Plant these berried shrubs in the sun in well-drained soil.

C. FRANCHETTI. A spreading shrub. Leaves oval, quite small, similar to Boxwood. Produces white flowers in early spring followed by showy crimson berries which are retained all winter.

15	to	18	in	2.00	30	to	36	in	8.00
18	to	24	in	4.00	3	to	4	ft	9.50
24	to	30	in.	6.00					

C. HORIZONTALIS (Prostrate Cotoneaster).

A dwarf shrub with horizontal branches and small dark green leaves. Flowers pinkish; conspicuous bright red fruit. Fine as a border plant. We have these in pots.

4 in. pots...... 2.50 6 in. pots...... 3.50

ELEAGNUS

E. FRUITLANDI. Leaves 2 to 4 inches long, very dark green above, silvery beneath, creamy-white fragrant flowers produced in late fall. A beautiful shrub. Strong grower and especially suitable for adverse conditions and hedges. Special prices for hedges.

15	to	18	in	4.50	30	to	36	in 9.00
18	to	24	in	6.00	3	to	4	ft12.00
24	to	30	in	7.50				

EUONYMUS

E. JAPONICA (Privet). Evergreen of dark green shiny leaves; grows well in shade and can be trimmed easily.

15	to	18	in	3.00	21/	z t	0	3 ft.	 7.50
18	to	24	in	4.50	3	to	4	ft	 8.50
2	to	21/2	ft	6.00	4	to	5	ft	 10.00

E. PATENS. Semi - evergreen shrub. Pink fruit.

15	to	18	in	3.50	24	to	30	in	6.00
18	to	24	in	4.50	30	to	36	in	7.50

EUONYMUS VINE. (See under Vines.)

ILEX—THE HOLLIES

The Holly is a much loved plant. We list a number of the most popular. Will be glad to quote on any other varieties.

 AQUIFOLIUM (English Holly). One of the finest of all, with large, distinct foliage. Red berries.

18	to	24	in	6.00	30	to	36	in 9.00
24	to	30	in	7.50	36	to	48	in12.00

 CORNUTA BURFORDI (Chinese Holly). A handsome plant with shiny green leaves and large red berries. One of the outstanding hollies.

15	to	18	in	5.00	30	to	36	in12.50
18	to	24	in	7.00	3	to	4	ft15.00
24	to	30	in	9.00	4	to	5	ft17.50 up

 CRENATA CONVEXA (Bullata). Dwarf form with drooping branches and glossy, almost round leaves.

15	to	18	in	3.50	24 1	0, 30	in 7.50
18	to	21	in	4.50	30 t	0 36	in10.00 up
21	to	24	in	6.00			

I. CRENATA HELLERI. 8 to 10 inches tall. Dwarf.

6 to 8 in. spread 3.50 8 to 10 in. spread 4.50

(continued on next page)

ILEX (continued)

I.	CRENATA	MICROPHYLLA.	The little leaf	
	Japanese	Holly has leaves	one-half inch	
	or less in	length.		

12	to	15	in	3.50	24 1	to	30	in		8.50
15	to	18	in	4.50	30 1	to	36	in.		
18	to	24	in	6.00	st	nea	rec	1	10.0	gu 0

 CRENATA ROTUNDIFOLIA (Large leaf Japanese Holly). Especially glossy round leaves. Larger than Microphylla. Very popular. Excellent for hedges.

15 to 18 in..... 5.00 24 to 30 in..... 8.00 18 to 24 in..... 6.00 30 to 36 in.....12.00

I. GLABRA (Inkberry). Native black-berried holly which does well almost everywhere.

18 to 24 in..... 4.50 30 to 36 in..... 6.50 24 to 30 in..... 5.50 3 to 4 ft..... 8.50

 OPACA (American Holly). A slow-growing native tree, having short branches, thorny leaves and bright red berries in winter. Our plants are nursery grown and have good root system. Berry Plants.

18 to 24 in..... 3.50 4 to 5 ft......12.50 2 to 3 ft...... 5.00 5 to 6 ft.....15.00 up 3 to 4 ft......10.00

Larger sizes priced on request.

KALMIA

K. LATIFOLIA (Calico Bush). A beautiful native broad-leaved evergreen shrub, often attaining the size of a small tree. Its thick, waxy leaves are retained the year round, giving a striking effect. The pink and white geometrically shaped buds appear and expand into beautiful white and flesh-colored flower cups.

18 to 24 in..... 3.50 30 to 36 in..... 7.50

24 to 30 in.... 5.00

LEUCOTHOE

L. CATESBAEI (Drooping Leucothoe). 3-4 ft. Graceful, pendulous branches of heavy shining green foliage; profuse creamy white delicate, fragrant blossoms borne in long drooping racemes. Valuable for planting under trees and other shady spots. Winter turns the leaves to a purplish red tint.

12 to 15 in..... 2.00 18 to 24 in..... 4.50 15 to 18 in..... 4.00 24 to 30 in..... 6.00

LIGUSTRUM

L. LUCIDUM. This fine broad-leaved evergreen is a native of the South. The leaves are large, bright, shiny. May be pruned in any desired shape.

15 to 18 in..... 3.00 30 to 36 in..... 7.50
18 to 24 in..... 4.50 36 to 42 in..... 8.50
24 to 30 in..... 6.00 42 to 48 in..... 10.00

L. JAPONICA. Upright in growth, large pear-shaped leaves with white flowers, black berries, good for screening.

2 to 3 ft...... 3.50 4 to 5 ft...... 6.00 3 to 4 ft..... 4.50 5 to 6 ft...... 8.00

MAHONIA

M. AQUIFOLIUM. Oregon Holly grade. An evergreen to 3 feet or more, with clusters of yellow flowers in early spring. The foliage turns bronzy in winter.

15 to 18 in..... 5.00 18 to 24 in..... 7.50

M. BEALEI JAPONICA (Leather-leaf Hollygrape). A shrub to 12 feet, small yellow flowers with lily-of-the-valley fragrance. Large clusters of grape-like fruit.

NANDINA

N. DOMESTICA. An evergreen shrub which grows well in sun and is not particular as to soil conditions if the drainage is good. The white flowers are produced in panicles and are followed by red berries in winter. The foliage becomes a beautiful red color from the effects of cold.

18 to 24 in..... 4.00 30 to 36 in..... 7.50

24 to 30 in.... 6.00

OSMANTHUS

 FORTUNEI. A shrub to 6 feet with hollylike leaves and fragrant flowers.

18 to 24 in..... 5.00 30 to 36 in..... 7.50

24 to 30 in.... 6.00

O. ILICIFOLIUS (Aquifolium). Small white flowers produced in clusters, which emit a pleasing fragrance. Holly leaves.

18 to 24 in..... 5.00 30 to 36 in..... 7.50

24 to 30 in.... 6.00

PRUNUS

P. LAUROCERASUS. The cherry laurels are nice shrubs with large evergreen foliage which is amenable to shearing.

2 to 3 ft...... 5.00 4 to 5 ft..... 8.50 3 to 4 ft..... 6.00 5 to 6 ft..... 10.00 up

P. LAUROCERASUS (Offeinalis). English

18 to 24 in..... 4.50 24 to 30 in..... 6.00

PIERIS-ANDROMEDA

P. FLORIBUNDA (Mountain Andromeda). 3-4 ft. Invaluable for planting in the shade. Makes a low, compact, evergreen shrub, with small, dark green leaves and masses of white flowers in the spring. A happy addition to the rock garden.

10 to 12 in..... 4.00 15 to 18 in..... 6.00 12 to 15 in..... 5.00 18 to 24 in..... 7.50

Hybrid Rhododendrons - - -

OUR RHODODENDRONS MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED IMPORTED DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

These fine specimen plants we are proud to offer you as an outstanding value. They are beautiful, low branched bushy plants, have survived severe winters and dry summers out in the open. Many show buds READY TO BLOOM NEXT SPRING. Rhododendrons being scarce, we were fortunate in securing an excellent selection, many varieties in all colors, from deep red, purple, white, pink to lilac, etc.

Hybrid Rhododendrons can be planted in full sun or part shade. They have a tendency to grow leggy and spindly if planted in too shady a location.

WE RECOMMEND: Mix your soil with Peat—½ bushel per plant—and provide good drainage. Be sure not to plant too deep. Rhododendrons are shallow feeders. Mulching with decaying oak leaves will provide the proper acidity. ALSO add some compost as food for good growth and bloom. Water frequently in dry weather.

PIERIS (continued)

- P. JAPONICA (Japanese Andromeda). 5-6 ft. Thick, shiny leaves, turning bronze in winter, with drooping clusters of small, white flowers in May. Grows slowly and does best in a moist, partially shaded place.
- 10 to 12 in..... 4.00 15 to 18 in..... 6.00 12 to 15 in..... 5.00 18 to 24 in..... 7.50

PYRACANTHA-FIRETHORN

Truly a gem among the broad-leaved evergreens. Dark green leaves, small white flowers, but most beautiful of all are the great, gorgeous clusters of berries which appear in late summer. Exceptionally handsome when trained against a wall. All of our Pyracanthas are pot grown to assure safe transplanting.

- P. COCCINEA LALANDI. Orange-red berries. 18 to 24 in., 6-inch pot..... 5.00 2 to 3 ft., 6-inch pot...... 7.50 3 to 4 ft., wire basket......12.00 P. COCCINEA. Red berries. 12 to 15 in., 4-inch pot...... 2.50 P. COCCINEA GIBBSI. Coral-red berries. Spreading habit. 10 to 12 in., 3-inch pot...... 1.50 12 to 15 in., 6-inch pot...... 4.50 P. COCCINEA. Yellow berries. 10 to 12 in., 3-inch pot...... 1.50 12 to 15 in., 4-inch pot...... 2.50
- V. RHYTODOPHYLLUM (Leather-leaf Viburnum). A shrub to 10 feet with large wrinkled foliage. White flowers and red fruit which turns black.

VIBURNUM

15 to 18 in..... 4.00 24 to 30 in..... 6.00 18 to 24 in..... 5.00 30 to 36 in..... 7.50

- R. CARACTACUS. Warm crimson with a tinge of purple throughout. Free flowering. Though a compact grower, it is one of the largest growing hybrids.
- R. CATAWBIENSE BOURSALT. Pleasing bluish-violet medium-size flowers, forming large round trusses. Very hardy and one of the easiest to grow.
- R. DR. H. C. DRESSELHUYS. Probably the best completely hardy red hybrid, though an upright, open grower.
- R. IGNATIUS SARGENT. In spite of its open growing habit, this hybrid's deep pink flowers keep it ever popular.
- R. LEE'S DARK PURPLE. Flowers deep bluish purple, a fine symmetrical grower, very compact.
- R. MRS. P. DEN OUDEN. Red.
- R. PARSON'S GLORIOSUM. This is one of our favorites. Good size flowers, orchid color, nicely arranged on the bush.
- R. ROSEUM ELEGANS. Pleasant medium pink, this is perhaps the most popular of all. A fast, neat grower that stays compact, and heavy to the ground.
- R. VAN DER HOOP. Flowers of the same red as Dresselhuys, but is a more symmetrical and compact grower.
- R. WEER DEN POELMAN. Red.
- **R. GOMER WATERER.** White. Each 6.00 Three 16..50

Same varieties as above in 2- to 3-year-old plants (15 to 18 inches).

Each 2.25 Three 5.50

We also have, in the above varieties, heavily budded six-year-old plants.

Each 24.00

Azaleas - - -

For breath-taking masses of color there is probably no plant to equal the Azalea. In its flowering season, an Azalea plant is covered with a solid sheet of brilliant bloom that almost completely conceals the foliage. Given a suitable setting, it can be a thing of extraordinary beauty.

Azaleas require extra care in the preparation of the ground before planting. They need a sour soil and plenty of water, although they resent soggy ground. Land that is naturally sweet or neutral can be made sour or acid by several different methods. One way is to remove the soil to a depth of several feet and replace it with a mixture of leaf-mold, manure, and acid loam. Aluminum sulphate is a safe chemical for creating an acid condition. If you wish to prepare your ground in this manner use one-fourth to one-half pound to a square yard, worked well into the top soil. When setting out the plants, at least a pint of the chemical should be added to each wheelbarrow load of soil.

Several times a year the plants will appreciate a dressing of the aluminum sulphate; in the fall it is good practice to scatter oak leaves among the Azalea plants so that they may decay there. Cottonseed meal and cow manure are good fertilizers but a small amount of aluminum sulphate should be added to the manure to make sure of its acidity.

Azaleas are one of our specialties and are grown by us in our nursery.

AZALEA-JAPANESE-HARDY KURUME

ALALLA -JAI AITE	
A. AMOENA. Bushy, compact, perfectly hardy. Small, shiny green leaves are completely covered in spring by a blanket of rosy-purple flowers. 4 to 6 in 1.00 10 to 12 in 2.25 6 to 8 in 1.50 12 to 15 in 3.25 8 to 10 in 1.85 18 to 20 in 7.50	A. HINODEGIRI. Carmine-red blossoms are so profuse in early spring that they nearly hide the foliage. 4 to 6 in 1.00
A. APPLE BLOSSOM. White shaded to lovely pink with light center. Leaves glossy green. 4 to 6 in 1.00 10 to 12 in 2.25 6 to 8 in 1.50 12 to 15 in 3.25 8 to 10 in 1.85	A. HINO-CRIMSON. Similar in growth to Hinodegiri but the flowers are more brilliant and do not fade as Hinodegiri does. Very much in demand. 6 to 8 in 2.00 10 to 12 in 3.25 8 to 10 in 2.75 12 to 15 in 4.50
A. CARMINE. A beautiful clear red. Bushy variety. 4 to 6 in 1.00 8 to 10 in1.85 6 to 8 in 1.50 10 to 12 in 2.25	A. DOUBLE HINODEGIRI. Similar in growth and habit as the Hinodegiri above. Large double flowers, carmine-red. 6 to 8 in 1.75 10 to 12 in 3.50 8 to 10 in 2.25
A. CHATTLEYA. White flowers tinted with lilac, shaded at the edges to mauve pink. A very bushy, compact plant. 4 to 6 in 1.00 10 to 12 in 2.25 6 to 8 in 1.50 12 to 15 in 3.25 8 to 10 in 1.85	 A. LAVENDER QUEEN. Flowers light lavender. Very free flowering. 2 to 2½ ft 10.00 2½ to 3 ft 15.00 A. PINK PEARL. Beautiful deep pink shading, lighter toward the center. 4 to 6 in 1.00 10 to 12 in 2.50
A. CORAL BELLS. Coral pink, shaded deeper in center, medium grower, flowers profusely produced. Small, round, glossy foliage. 4 to 6 in 1.00 10 to 12 in 2.25 6 to 8 in 1.50 12 to 15 in 3.25 8 to 10 in 1.85	6 to 8 in 1.50 12 to 15 in 4.25 8 to 10 in 1.85 15 to 18 in 5.50 A. PINK PROGRESS. Translucent pink flowers half again as large as Hinodegiri, with habit the same. 6 to 8 in 1.50 10 to 12 in 2.50 8 to 10 in 1.85 12 to 15 in 3.50
A. FLAME. Brilliant red, with coppery suffusion. Very bright and showy. Good foliage. 6 to 8 in 1.50 12 to 15 in 3.50 8 to 10 in 1.85 15 to 18 in 5.50	A. SALMON BEAUTY. Large flowers of a beautiful shade of salmon-pink. Light green foliage. 6 to 8 in 1.50 12 to 15 in 4.00 8 to 10 in 1.95 15 to 18 in 5.50 10 to 12 in 2.75 18 to 24 in 9.00
10 to 12 in 2.25	(continued on next page)

AZALEA (continued)

A. SNOW. Outstanding borne profusely in glossy green foliage. 4 to 6 in 1.00 6 to 8 in 1.50	good-sized clusters:					
4 to 6 in 1.00	10 to 12 in 2.25					
6 to 8 in 1.50	12 to 15 in 3.25					
8 to 10 in 1.85	15 to 18 in 5.50					
A. BENIGIRI. Flowers be pact grower with nor	row leaves.					
6 to 8 in 1.50	15 to 18 in 5.50					
6 to 8 in 1.50 12 to 15 in 4.00	18 to 24 in 9.00					
A. MACRANTHA. La about a month later	rge salmon flowers than Hinodegiri.					
2 in potted50						
A. MACRANTHA FL. only double flowers.	PL. Same as above					
6 to 8 in 2.00	10 to 12 in 3.25					
only double flowers. 6 to 8 in 2.00 8 to 10 in 2.50	15 to 18 in 6.00					
A. MARY GLORY. Flo Hinodegiri but about grower.	a week later. A good					
6 to 8 in 1.50	10 to 12 in 2.50					
8 to 10 in 1.85						
flowers. Not too hard	v. Protect in winter.					
8 to 10 in 2.50 10 to 12 in 3.50						
A. SWEETBRIER. One of A most attractive, bloomer.						
6 to 8 in 1.50 8 to 10 in 2.25	10 to 12 in 3.25 12 to 15 in 4.00					
AZALEA-GABLES HARDIER HYBRIDS						
11000						

This is a domestic, hardier type, with a much wider color range than has heretofore been produced.

A.	GAB	LES	DOU	BLE	RED.	A I	oloo	d-red.	More
	vivid	in	color	thar	Hine	ode	giri.		
					10	to	12	in	2.50

A. LaLUMIIE			growing,
	Does well in		
8 to 10 in	1.75 10	to 12 in	 2 .50

AZALEA-GLENN DALE HYBRIDS

We are recommending a few that we know are good and hardy in this section. We will have others from time to time.

A. GLACIER.	Shiny	white	with	ı a	faint g	reen
tone.		10	to	12	in	3.50

м.	PRODERCE.	I wo-tone color.	•		
		10 to 1	12	in	3.50

A PRIIDENCE Tour

A.	SUWANEE.	Deep	pink	with	rose	dots.
			10	to 12	in	3.50

in size.

Each 3.00

Three 8.00

AZALEA-KAEMPFERI HYBRIDS

AZALEA-KAEMPFERI HYBRIDS
A. ATLANTA. Lavender. 12 to 15 in 2.25
A. BETTY. Brilliant rosy-pink with a trace of orange. 10 to 12 in 2.00
A. CARMEN. Pink. 12 to 15 in 2.25
A. FEDORA. Best pink. 12 to 15 in 2.25
A. OTHELLO. Orange. 12 to 15 in 2.75
A. LEDIFOLIA ALBA. Pure white. 12 to 15 in 3.00
A. LEDIFOLIA ROSEA. Rose color. 8 to 10 in 2.00 15 to 18 in 5.00
A. KAEMPFERI. Select pink or select red. 10 to 12 in 2.00
A. POUKHANENSIS. Rose purple. 12 to 15 in 3.00
A. VASEYI. Clear light rose. 12 to 15 in 2.25
A. MUCRONULATA. Large, rose-lavender flowers. One of the earliest to bloom. Deciduous. 15 to 18 in 3.50 2 to 2½ ft 7.50
18 to 24 in 5.50
AZALEA MOLLIS
Outstanding varieties. Excellent budded plants 18 to 24 inches tall. Will bloom next year. DR. REILENBACH. Rich salmon.
J. J. DE VINK. Yellow.
GLORIA MUNDA. Orange-yellow.
VON GNEIST. Orange-red.
H. H. WITTE. Orange-yellow.
T. J. SEIDEL. Salmon-orange.
ALPHONSE LAVALLE. Violet, double.
HUGO HARDYZER. Red.
KOSTER BRILLIANT. Red.
ANTHONY KOSTER. Yellow. Each 4.00 Three
We have named varieties in 12- to 15-

Howering Trees - - -

These beautiful trees may be seen in their glory during the blooming season throughout this vicinity. Everyone who has seen them has a deep desire to possess the same thing for himself.

Planting. To insure successful results the ground should be well prepared before planting, enriching, if necessary, with well-decayed manure which should be well mixed. The hole should be dug at least two feet wider than the diameter of spread of the roots of the tree planted and about one inch deeper than the nursery soil line indicated on the stem. The roots should be spread out in a natural way, filling in with fine soil, and pouring in several buckets of water to run the soil to the roots. It is advisable to stake trees to prevent windshake until they attach themselves to the ground. Also we want to emphasize the necessity of a mulch after planting. This consists of straw (or similar material) placed around the base of the tree about 6 or 8 inches high and a little wider than the width of the hole. Allow this to stay on one year and it will practically insure the tree's life.

CERASUS-THE FLOWERING CHERRIES

The Flowering Cherries are among the choicest trees that have come to us from the Orient. Blooming as they do in earliest spring, they burst in full glory upon a dull and unsuspecting landscape. The trees are quite varied in form; they may be sturdy, upright specimens, branching bushes, or weeping forms. The double and single flowers range from white to deep rosy pink. By a judicious choice of varieties, the home gardener may have a display of bloom for several weeks.

- C. AUTUMNALIS. Light pink. Fall Flowering variety.
- C. KWANZAN. This is one of the widely planted double flowers. In bud stage they are almost red but open to a rosy pink.
- C. MT. FUJI. This very lovely variety of flowering cherry with large, double white flowers that are produced in great abundance. A tree in full bloom seems to be covered with snow. In habit of growth it is small and bush-like with spreading branches that grow upward from trunk.
- C. SIEBOLD NADEN. A variety producing semi-double blooms, pale pink in color, short stemmed clusters. Prices on the above flowering cherries:

3	to	4	ft	5.00	6	to	7	ft.		, 10.00
4	to	5	ft	6.00	5	to	6	ft.	B&B	10.00
5	to	6	ft	7.50	6	to	7	ft.	B&B	15.00

Larger sizes priced on request.

C. SUBHUTELLA PENDULA (Weeping Japanese Cherry). Soft pink blooms make a spectacular showing on the drooping branches of this tree. The trunk is about 6 feet tall and from it grows the large umbrella-like head, very graceful, and a striking specimen when planted on the lawn.

1 year	head, 5 to 6	ft.	tall
2 year	head, 5 to 6	ft.	tali10.00
Heavy	Specimen		15.00 to 35.00

CERCIS—JUDAS TREE

C. CANADENSIS (Red Bud or American Judas). A fast-growing, round-headed tree, with large, leathery, heart-shaped leaves. In spring the branches are covered with reddish-purple flowers before the leaves appear.

3 to 4 ft...... 2.50 5 to 6 ft...... 5.50 4 to 5 ft...... 3.50 6 to 8 ft. B&B 7.50

C. CHINENSIS (Chinese Redbud). 12-15 ft. A handsome, compact tree, with a great abundance of large, deep pink blossoms which appear before the leaves in the early spring. One of the most beautiful of the flowering trees.

2	to	3	ft	4.00	5	to	6	ft	8.00
3	to	4	ft	5.00	6	to	7	ft	10.00
4	to	5	ft	6.00					

CRATAEGUS

CRATAEGUS CRUS-GALLI (Cockspur Thorn).

A small tree with white flowers in May and June, followed by bright red fruit.

Orange and scarlet foliage in the fall.

3	to	4	ft	5.50	5	to	6	ft 8.50
4	to	5	ft	7.00	.6	to	8	ft12.50

- C. OXYACANTHA (English Hawthorn). A tree of 15 feet with white flowers in May and brilliant red fruit which lasts almost all winter. Priced same as above.
- C. OXYACANTHA (Paul's Scarlet Hawthorn). Striking double bright scarlet flowers. It blooms freely and is the most popular of the Hawthorn family. Makes a splendid hedge. Priced same as above.

(continued on next page)

Magnolias - - -

As Southern as mint-julep is this aristocratic plant. Its thick, polished leaves and striking, sweet-scented flowers long ago earned for it a foremost place among the flowering trees grown by southerners. Both evergreen and deciduous varieties are grown; the evergreen ones are not hardy far north, but some of them, such as the Bull Bay, grow into glorious specimens in favored locations in the South. Unbelievably lovely are the deciduous sorts which flaunt their blooms early in the spring before the leaves appear. The Magnolia is so firmly established in the tradition of the old South that it deserves an honored place in every home garden.

Magnolias are not difficult to grow. They need a soil that is well supplied with leafmold and a location where they will be protected from strong winds. They are best transplanted in the spring before growth starts; pruning to improve the form of the plants may be necessary from time to time.

EVERGREEN MAGNOLIAS

M. GRANDIFLORA (Bull Bay). A magnificent native evergreen sometimes growing as tall as 80 feet. It makes an impressive pyramid of dark green foliage and for several months produces great creamy white flowers, followed by oval seed pods from which the red seeds protrude.

18	to	24	in	5.00	4	to	5	ft15.00
2	to	3	ft	7.50	5	to	6	ft22.50
3	to	4	ft1	0.00	6	to	7	ft30.00 up

Large specimen trees priced on request.

DECIDUOUS MAGNOLIAS

M. LILIFLORA	NIGRA. Flowers	dark	purple
	purple inside.		•

18	to	24	in	6.00	3	to	4	ft10.00
2	to	3	ft	8.00	4	to	5	ft15.00

M. SOULANGEANA (Saucer Magnolia).

Small tree with very large white flowers more or less purplish outside and often fragrant. Very popular.

18 to 24 in..... 6.00 2 to 3 ft..... 8.00

M. STELLATA (Star Magnolia). A round bush not over 10 to 12 feet high. Pure white flowers 3 inches across, before the leaves appear.

18	to	24 in	6.00	4	to	5	ft	15.00
2	to	3 ft	8.00	5	to	6	ft	18.00
3	to	4 ft	12.50					

CRATAEGUS (continued)

C. PHAENOPYRUM (Cordata). Washington Hawthorn. A slender tree about 25 feet tall, with white flowers followed by bright red fruit in clusters. Foliage turns scarlet in autumn. Very hardy. Priced same as above.

PRUNUS

- P. ARMENIACA (Flowering Apricot). Small tree with pinkish or white flowers before the leaves, followed by yellowish fruit marked with a red cheek.
- P. THUNDER CLOUD (Purple-leaf Cherry Plum). A small tree with deep rich purple foliage which retains its color during the entire season. The small, pale pink flowers are followed by dark red fruit.
- P. CERASIFERA PISSARDI (Purple-leaf Plum). An attractive little tree with purple foliage, white flowers and blackish purple fruit.
 - 3 to 4 ft...... 3.50 5 to 6 ft...... 6.00 4 to 5 ft...... 5.00 6 to 8 ft...... 7.50

(continued in next column)

PRUNUS (continued)

- P. GLANDULOSA ALBA PLENA (Double White-Flowering Almond). See under Flowering Shrubs.
- P. GLANDULOSA SINENSIS (Double Pink-Flowering Almond). See under Flowering Shrubs.

PRUNUS PERSICA— (FLOWERING PEACH)

- P. PERSICA RUBRA. Double-Red. A most beautiful small tree, rarely over 20 feet tall, at its blossoming time in May. Every twig and branch bright with beautifully formed flowers.
- 2 to 3 ft...... 2.50 4 to 5 ft...... 5.00 3 to 4 ft...... 3.50
- P. PERSICA ALBA. Double-white. Same as Red except in its beautiful clear white flowers.

2 to 3 ft...... 2 50 4 to 5 ft..... 4.00 3 to 4 ft..... 3.00

Dogwoods - - -

CORNUS—THE DOGWOODS

Picturesque and charming is the Dogwood tree of eastern woods and gardens. Its dainty white blooms are a welcome sight in the spring landscape, and at all seasons the shapely tree is a decided asset. Its horizontal branches are clothed with green foliage that assures beautiful fall coloring, enlivened by scarlet fruits.

- C. FLORIDA (Flowering Dogwood). This is the white Dogwood known and loved by all who have seen it growing wild. It reaches a height of 15 to 25 feet and is covered with bracts of large single white flowers in spring. Scarlet berries in the fall.
- 2 to 3 ft...... 4.00 5 to 6 ft...... 8.00 3 to 4 ft..... 5.50 6 to 8 ft...... 12.00 4 to 5 ft..... 7.00 8 to 10 ft..... 16.00
- C. FLORIDA RUBRA (Red Flowering Dogwood). An enchanting creation with lovely pink flowers. A charming combination is made by planting the pink and white varieties together.

18 to 24 in.... 5.00 4 to 5 ft......15.00 2 to 3 ft...... 7.50 5 to 6 ft......20.00 3 to 4 ft......10.00

Keep plants and trees watered well during dry seasons, cultivate the ground and keep all weeds hoed out. Give light feedings of well-rotted manure or fertilizer if needed, but do not overdo it.

AN INVITATION TO VISIT OUR

GARDEN SUPPLY STORE

AND

SELF-SERVICE GARDEN CENTER

A FULL LINE OF

Garden Tools — Power Mowers — Rollers Shovels — Rakes — Etc.

ALL SORTS OF

Seeds - Bulbs - Fertilizers - Insecticides

Adjoining our garden store we have for your convenience a large selection of blooming and all types of

FOLIAGE PLANTS — DISH GARDENS
PLANTERS of all descriptions in copper and brass
along with a good line of POTTERY ITEMS

Howering Crab Apples

Among our finest trees are the Flowering Crab Apples. They are more useful and more ornamental than many plants that have been introduced from abroad, but because they are native to this country, they are often overlooked. The Crabs "have everything"; floriferousness over a long season, good color range, rich fragrance, and a profusion of sparkling fruits. In the early spring garden a Flowering Crab can easily dominate the scene.

The fruits of the Flowering Crabs are a joy to the eye and a delight to the birds. These fruits, indeed, are often one of the chief rasons for planting the Crabs, for they make even a small yard or garden a mecca for birds for a long time every season.

Just as the flowers vary in color from white through many shades of pink and red, the

fruits assume many different sizes and colors. Some of the tiny apples are no larger than cherries, but a few are large enough to be used for making jelly. In color they range through green, yellow, orange, scarlet, and crimson. No matter what size or color they may be, they are a favorite tid-bit for the birds..

Flowering Crab Apples form another group of native American Trees that are decorative all year long. In the spring their pink, white, or red flowers obscure the branches. The tree itself is so well formed that it would be ornamental if it never bloomed at all. But in addition to its blooms, it boasts bright-colored fruits in late summer and fall.

The Crabs combine dainty appearance with rugged health, which should recommend them to any gardener. The trees are covered with clean, insect-free foliage all summer, and even in the winter their bare branches make a picturesque sight. The Crabs behave well in ordinary garden soil; in fact, they tolerate conditions that would mean the end of many flowering trees. They may be sheared into symmetrical shapes for formal use, or may be allowed to go their own way. They are hardy over most of the country.

We carry all types of VERMONT - PENNSYLVANIA

MARYLAND-VIRGINIA

FLAG STONE

Prices on request.

In Our

GARDEN CENTER

We Carry Flag Stone In Stock

2 cents per pound \$25.00 per ton delivered

- M. ADSTRINGENS, HOPA (Hopa Crab). A large-flowering purple-leaf Crab with purple-red flowers.

 M. FLORIBUNDA (Showy Crab). A profuse-blooming, large bush or tree to 25 feet, bearing 1½-inch rose-red flowers which fade nearly white. These are followed by tiny yellow fruit about ½ inch in diameter. ameter.
 - M. FLORIBUNDA SCHEIDECKERI (Scheidecker Crab). Small pyramidal tree bearing a profuse crop of semi-double pale pink flowers. This is followed by large yellow fruit which is often used for mak-
 - M. HALLIANA PARKMANI (Parkman Crab). An informally awkward tree when young which becomes more respectable with age. It is a free bloomer, bearing double, bright rose-red flowers followed by purplish fruit 1/3 inch in diameter. One of the most reliable of the flowering Crab Apples.
 - M. NIEDZWETZKYANA (Redvein Crab). A quite large Crab Apple with red bark and wood; even the leaves are tinged red on the nerves. The flowers are deep red and the little apples are purple-red both inside and out. In fact, we might say that everything about the tree is some shade of red.
 - M. PURPUREA ELEYI (Eley Crab). A shapely tree to 10 feet which covers itself in spring with a mass of little red blooms against the purple branches. The foliage, which follows the blossom, is light reddish purple, and this is followed by a heavy crop of dark red fruit.

3 to 4 ft..... 3.50 5 to 6 ft. B&B 7.00 4 to 5 ft..... 5.00 6 to 8 ft. B&B 10.00

Shade Trees - - -

So cool and restful in their green clothing, in winter their bare branches are a joy to every lover of nature. Nothing can compare to the majesty of a full-grown tree. Nature gives us trees to keep us from feeling too important, and whether we hear the winds whistling through their branches in a storm, or listen to a gentle breeze merely rustling their leaves on a summer day, they have a calming influence on the spirit of humanity. Plant trees, and as you learn to know and love them you will find life broader and richer from their influence.

Planting. To insure successful results the ground should be well prepared before planting, enriching, if necessary, with well-decayed manure which should be well mixed. The hole should be dug at least two feet wider than the diameter of spread of the roots of the tree planted and about one inch deeper than the nursery soil line indicated on the stem. The roots should be spread out in a natural way, filling in with fine soil, and water thoroughly so as to run the soil to the roots. It is advisable to stake trees to prevent windshake until they attach themselves to the ground. Also we we want to emphasize the necessity of a mulch after planting. This consists of straw (or similar material) placed around the base of the tree about 6 or 8 inches high and a little wider than the width of the hole. Allow this to stay on one year and it will practically insure the tree's life.

All the shade trees are priced bare root. If they are transplanted in late spring or summer, see inside front cover for B & B prices.

BETULA-THE BIRCHES

B. ALBA (European White Birch). 30-50 ft. A tall, graceful tree of moderately quick growth, with spray-like branches and silvery white bark. Excellent as a specimen tree for the lawn and for group planting. 6 to 8 ft....... 8.00 8 to 10 ft......11.00

B.	CLU	JMPS.	3	to	4	in	e	ach	C	lump.
5 1	to 6	ft		20.0	0		6	to	8	ft27.50

B.	ALBA	LACEN	IATA (C	Cutlea	f W	/ee	ping
	Birch).	Graceful	drooping	tree.	Sun	or	par-
	tial sho	nde.					

5	to	6 ft.,	single	stems 7	.50
6	to	8 ft.,	single	stems10	.50
Я	to	10 ft.	. single	stems12	.50

FAGUS-THE BEECH

F. AMERICANA (American Beech). 80-100 ft. A handsome native tree, slowgrowing, with clean, smooth, gray bark. Autumn turns the foliage to a brilliant golden yellow. Valuable for timber, windbreaks, specimen trees or hedges. Prefers sandy, or loamy alkaline soil.

6	to	8 ft	7.50	10 to	12	ft15.00
8	to	10 ft	10.00			

F. SYLVATICA PURPUREA (Purple or Copper Beech). 25-30 ft. Very handsome medium sized tree abundantly covered with rich purple colored foliage.

3	to	4	ft 7.50	5	to	6	ft15.00
4	to	5	ft10.00	6	to	8	ft20.00

ACER-THE MAPLES

A. PALMATUM ATROPURPUREUM (Blood-leaf Japanese Maple). 6-8 ft. A good, dwarf tree with rich purple-red leaves all summer. Distinctive, slow growing; does best in the sun.

15	to	18	in	5.00	2 to	3	ft10.00
18	to	24	in	7.50	3 to	4	ft18.00

A. RUBRUM (Red or Scarlet Maple). 60-80 ft. A tall, spreading tree, colorful in the spring with clusters of reddish flowers, and in the fall afire with brilliant foliage. Succeeds in wet situations where no other maple will thrive.

6	to	8	ft	6.00	8	to	10	ft	7.50
10	to	12	ft						12.50
10	to	12	ft2 to	21/2 in.	ca	1			17.50
12	to	15	ft3 in.	cal					30.00

A. SACCHARUM (Sugar Maple). 50-75 ft. A magnificent tree for lawns, streets, or drives. It grows well except in damp, soggy soils, and roots deeply, allowing grass to grow close about its trunk. Rich autumn coloring of yellow and scarlet.

0	το	8 1	τ	 	0.00	8	to	10	Tt	8.50
10	to	12	ft.	 		 				12.50
										17.50 up

A. IASYCARPUM (Silver Maple). One of the fastest growing shade trees. Broad, open head; leaves green above, silver beneath. Full sun.

6	to	8 ft	5.00	10	to	12	ft 7.00
8	to	10 ft	6.00	12	to	15	ft10.00
15	to	18 ft21/2 i					12.00
							25.00

A. PLATANOIDES (Norway Maple).

6	to	8	ft 5.00	8 to	10 ft	7.00
10	to	12	ft			12.50
10	to	12	ft2 to 21/2	in. cal		.17.50 up
			Larger size	prices on	reques	t

FRANKLINIA ALTAMAHA (The Rare Franklinia)

Each flower lasts two or three days and then drops cleanly. There is a constant succession of bloom till hard frost. We frequently get the unusual effect of a tree clad in crimson, autumn foliage and abundantly starred with white flowers.

The Franklinia begins blooming when not more than 3 or 4 feet high. Young trees under favorable conditions increase in height a foot or more each season. Specimens 30 feet high are known. It develops naturally with several trunks, but may easily be trained to a single trunk by removing the sprouts which start from the base.

Franklinia prefers full sun, has proved entirely hardy about New York and hardy in favorable locations about Boston. It is an especially desirable tree for the small, intimate garden, loved and lived in. It is a charming lawn tree and the grass may be allowed to grow closely about the trunk. It also thrives when planted by pools, lakes and streams. Its light elegance of form and color contrasts exquisitely with the dark green of conifers.

15	/2 1	to	2	ft.	pott	ed			٠.				 			4.50
2	to	3	ft	, po	otted	١		٠.								6.00
3	to	4	ft.	B	£В		٠.	٠.			٠.					8.00
4	to	5	ft.	B	₿В.,			٠.	٠.				٠			12.50

GINKO

G.	BILOBA (Maidenhair-tree). 75-100 ft. An
	unusual and picturesque tree with leaves
	shaped like maidenhair fern; bears cones.
	Perfectly hardy, easily grown in good soil,
	and immune from disease. An excellent
	street tree.

4	to 6	ft	5.00	6 to 8	ft	7.50

KOELREUTERIA

K. PANICULATA (Goldenroin-tree), 25-30 ft. A very decorative tree that thrives in difficult locations which are subject to dry, hot winds. Enormous panicles of bright yellow flowers in July; large seed pods hang on a long time after the flowers disappear. Also called Varnish-tree.

4	to	6	ft	5.00	8	to	10	ft12.50
_			a.	0.00				

6 to 8 ft..... 8.00

LIRIODENDRON

L. TULIPIFE	RA (Tuliptree). 100-150	ft. A
handsome,	, noble tree	with broad	leaves
and ador	ned in sprin	ng with tu	lip-like
flowers o	f green, ord	inge, and	vellow:
autumn ti	urns the leav	es to rich	golden
yellow; gr Poplar.	ows rapidly.	Also called	Tulip

6	to	8 ft	5.50	10 t	0 12	ft10.00
8	to	10 ft	7.50			
12	to	14 ft.—2 to	2½ ii	n. cal		15.00

PLATANUS

P.	ORIEN	TALIS	(An	eri	can	Pla	netre	e or	Syca-
	more).	75-10	00 fi	t. 🗚	\ m	ajes	stic t	ree,	most
	outstan						habi	t of	con-
	tinually	/ shed	ding	its	bar	k.			

12	to	14	ft2	to	21/2	in.	cal.				 . 15	5.00
8	to	10	ft	0.70	7.50							
6	to	8	Tt		5.00		10	to	12	ft.	 1	0.00

QUERCUS—THE OAKS

Q. COCCINEA (Scarlet Oak), 75-90 ft. The gradually spreading branches form a round topped head spectacular in its brilliant scarlet fall coloring. Does well in dry situation.

D	το	8	ττ	• •	7.50		10	to	72	· T	τ	 . 12.50
8	to	10	ft	1	0.00							
10	to	12	ft.—2	to	21/2	in.	cal.					 .17.50

Q. PALUSTRIUS (Pin Oak). It is the most popular of all Oaks. Foliage is deep shining green in autumn, fading to a brilliant scarlet. For street and avenue planting it has no superior.

6	to	8 ft		. 7.50		10	to	12	ft12.5	60
8	to	10 ft.		.10.00						
10	to	12 ft	_2 t	0 21/2	in.	cal.			17.5	0

Q. PHELLOS (Willow Oak). Long, willow-like foliage, silvery beneath.

6	to	8 ft	7.50.	10 to	12	ft12.50
8	to	10 ft	.10.00			
10	to	12 ft 2 t	o 2½ in.	cal		17.50

SALIX—WILLOW

S. BLANDA (Wisconsin Weeping Willow). 40-50 ft. Well known and loved is this graceful tree with its lacy, whiplike branches drooping to the very ground. Especially attractive in the waterside planting.

4	to	5	ft	3.00	6	to	8	ft :	7.50
5	to	6	ft	4.00	8	to	10	ft10	0.00

Howering Deciduous Shrubs - -

In diversity of form, variety of species, contrast of foliage and variation of blossom this group holds unusual interest and as a group they prove to be the finishing touches of the grounds—but we use deciduous shrubs to soften the borders or edges of drives, walks and boundaries; to emphasize some lawn feature; to mellow rigid lines or sharp angles; to fill depressions; to screen objectionable views; to cover slopes or divide areas. From early spring, yes, even late winter, they unfold their wondrous bowers of yellow, pink, white and red flowers on backgrounds of purple, yellow, light and dark green foliage. The attractive fruits and berries often adhere after autumn has spread its brilliant colors on the foliage. Proper selection as to height and careful choosing of varieties will insure the accomplishments mentioned and provide a source of indescribable pleasure.

PLANTING SUGGESTIONS

There is frequently a tendency to overplant in the attempt of immediate effect. Do not be impatient as it takes several years to grow mature plants. So, in planning your requirements, here is a general rule to apply: On real good soil the spread of a shrub usually approximates the height; in other words, a five to six foot shrub will spread just about that much. Of course, there will naturally be exceptions to this rule.

Dig holes and plant as deeply as they stood in the nursery row. Shake the plants so the soil will shift into the roots. Some shrubs have great masses of fibrous roots and if the soil is merely thrown on top, they will surely die. Contact with every root insures growth, so work the earth carefully through these masses.

At the time of planting, it is beneficial to prune shrubs by taking off at least a third

of the tops.

The pruning after development frequently causes confusion. "Prune when the knife is sharp" has long been a saying and few, if any, shrubs were ever killed by pruning. One time is really no better than another; but, unless otherwise necessary, you will find that the best results are obtained by light pruning immediately after the blossoms fall. Heavy pruning at any time will cause the plants to put aside their blossom-forming buds and make wood growth, and you lose or lessen the next season's blossom. That is why light pruning is suggested annually or biennially. Pruning in the dormant stage is not injurious and some plants can be so much better shaped when the branches are defoliated. In all pruning it is suggested to not bob off the tops and make hedges of your massed plants. This causes a new "break" or ugly offset, giving them a two-story effect. Shorten the canes to side branches so they will develop all the natural tendency or other characteristics of the plant. To remove canes, cut close to the crowns as this causes them to renew naturally from the bottoms. Now for the perpetual exceptions—all terminal blooming

Shade Trees (CONTINUED)

TILIA-THE LINDENS

T. AMERICANA (American Linden). 75-90 ft. One of the finest native trees, forming a handsome round head with large, heart-shaped foliage, and in June is covered with clouds of fragrant, greenish-yellow flowers which are beloved by honey bees. Does well in most any soil if not too hot and dry, and grows very rapidly. Priced on request.

- T. CORDATA (ulmifolia) (Littleleaf European Linden). 70-100 ft. The ideal tree for street or lawn planting. The tree is tall growing but low headed; the leaves are dark green and remain in good color until late autumn.
- 12 to 14 ft.—2 1/2 to 3 in. cal......25.00

LARGE TREES PRICED ON REQUEST

ULMUS—THE ELMS

- U. AMERICANA (American Elm). 80-100 ft. Great, lofty arching branches; one of America's foremost trees; majestic, a veritable tower of strength, grace and beauty. Fairly rapid growing, adaptable for street, lawn or specimen planting; should have plenty of space, however, to spread.
 - 6 to 8 ft..... 5.00 10 to 12 ft.....10.00 8 to 10 ft..... 7.50
- U. PUMILA (Chinese Elm). 50-75 ft. Forms a symmetrical head with small glabrous leaves. Grows very rapidly, and thrives even in poor soil.
- 4 to 6 ft..... 3.50 8 to 10 ft..... 10.00 6 to 8 ft..... 5.00 10 to 12 ft..... 10.00 10 to 12 ft..... 12.50

plants like hydrangeas, hypercum, bush roses, etc., the bloom on the "tips" of the new growth, need severe pruning if large blossoms are wanted. Constantly renew this young wood by pruning in the dormant and semi-dormant period only. On all shrubs, cut out all dead and old wood. Lilacs should be pruned only once every six or seven years, and then cut back hard. Nothing benefits a shrub more than proper pruning. When done correctly, you will be rewarded with a wealth of bloom and beauty of shape.

BERRERIS-BARBERRY

B. THUNBERGI (Japanese Barbery). Variety
of dwarf habit. The spiny branches are
covered with small green foliage, chang-
ing to bright red in the fall. It bears a
mass of bright red berries, which persist
during the winter.

12	to	18	in.,	per	100	25.00
18	to	24	in.,	per	100	45.00
24	to	30	in.,	per	100	75.00
30	to	36	in.,	per	100	90.00

B. THUNBERGI ATROPURPUREA (Redleaf Japanese Barberry). Very colorful and possesses the same merits as the green leaved Barberry, but needs the sun to bring out the red of the leaves.

12	to	18	in.,	per	100	60.00
18	to	24	in.,	per	100	95.00
24	to	30	in.,	per	1001	35.00
30	to	36	in.,	per	1001	75.00

TRUEHEDGE COLUMNBERRY (Upright Barberry). Compact-growing, upright plants with heavy foliage which takes on brilliant autumn tints. Makes beautiful specimens or hedges.

15 to 18 in., per 100......

Prices on above Barberry plants-25 or more at 100 rates; less than 25 is 20% higher.

BUDDLEIA—BUTTERFLY BUSH

- B. CHARMING. 5 ft. Long sprays of lavender-pink blooms in late summer. A hardy plant that can endure cold weather.
- B. PINK DAWN. New, good pink.
- B. SNOW BLANK. A good strong white.
- B. ILE DE FRANCE. 4 ft. Bright rosy purple, suffused violet. Blooms freely.
- B. ORCHID BEAUTY. Well-formed spikes of beauty, delicate fragrance.
- B. ROYAL RED. The closest approach to red yet achieved in Buddleias.
- B. BURGUNDY. Wine red. Large flower.
 - B. WHITE CLOUD. A new white Butterfly Bush—a truly magnificent shrub. It grows 4 to 5 feet high and develops into a very symmetrical and compact bush, producing hundreds of well-formed spikes of pure white blooms with tiny bright yellow eyes. It is perfectly hardy, a very free bloomer and a vigorous grower. Do try it.

CALLICARPA FRENCH MULBERRY

A. AMERICAN	A (Beautyberry).	A shrub to
	6-inch foliage	
	May to July,	
violet fruit.	Not hardv North	١.

2 to 3 ft..... 1.50 4 to 5 ft..... 3.00 3 to 4 ft..... 2.00

C. PURPUREA (Chinese Beautyberry), 4-5 ft. Pink-tinted blossoms in August are followed by little clusters of shiny deep mauve berries studded along the willowy branches. Superb for autumn cutting.

2 to 3 ft..... 1.50 4 to 5 ft..... 3.00 3 to 4 ft..... 2.00

C. NEORUM (Daphne).

CALYCANTHUS

C. FLORIDUS (Sweetshrub). 6-8 ft. An old garden favorite with chocolate-colored blossoms and leaves give off a delicious, sweet fragrance, especially when crushed. A truly fine, old-fashioned shrub.

18 to 24 in.... 1.50 3 to 4 ft..... 3.50 4 to 5 ft..... 5.00 2 to 3 ft..... 2.00

CARYOPTERIS—BLUE SPIREA

C. MASTICANTHUS (Blue Spirea). A freeflowering shrub, growing 3 feet high; covered in fall with masses of blue flowers. One of the best late-blooming shrubs. Excellent for low-growing hedge.

15 to 18 in.... 1.50 2 to 3 ft..... 3.00 18 to 24 in.... 2.00 3 to 4 ft..... 5.00

CLETHRA ALNIFOLIA

Spikes of white flowers with a peppery odor. Blooms all summer. Likes semi-shade. A nicely shaped plant. 2 to 3 ft..... 3.50 18 to 24 in.... 2.00

CHAENOMELES LAGENARIA

C. CYDONIA JAPONICA (Flowering Quince). An early-blooming shrub to 10 feet with brilliant scarlet flowers. Rich, spicy fragrance. Grown as a specimen plant or a hedge, it makes a fine showing.

3 to 4 ft..... 5.00 18 to 24 in..... 2.00

2 to 3 ft..... 3.00

CHAENOMELES LAGENARIA

(continued)

C. MAULEI (Dwarf Flowering Quince). A very desirable shrub of low-growing habit. Its graceful spiny branches are filled with small orange-scarlet flowers in March with yellow fruit in autumn. 3 feet.

DEUTZIAS

The flowers of the Deutzias are tassel-like and clustered into thick wreaths along their drooping branches in June. These shrubs, are hardy, vigorous adapted to all soils and remarkable for grace, beauty and prodigal bloom. The taller forms are valuable for specimens, low ones for bordering, grouping or planting near the house. Flowering period, May, June.

D. GRACILIS. A very graceful small plant full of graceful sprays of white flowers. Does well in part shade and in the sun. Dwarf.

15 to 18 in..... 1.50 24 to 30 in..... 3.00 18 to 24 in..... 2.00

D. PRIDE OF ROCHESTER. Double white, back of petals faintly tinted with pink; large panicles.

2 to 3 ft...... 1.50 4 to 5 ft...... 3.00 3 to 4 ft...... 2.00

EUONYMUS

E. ALATUS (Winged Euonymus). 8-10 ft. An unusual shrub of compact habit, with yellowish flowers, followed by red berries; the branches are winged with a peculiar, interesting corky bark; the brilliant autmn coloring is superb.

18 to 24 in..... 1.50 3 to 4 ft...... 3.50 2 to 3 ft..... 2.50 4 to 5 ft..... 5.00

EXOCHORDA

E. GRANDIFLORA (Common-Pearlbush). 6-9 ft. A handsome, bushy shrub that grows well in moist places. The snow-white, pearllike flowers hang on in good size clusters and fairly cover the plant in May and June.

2 to 3 ft...... 1.50 4 to 5 ft...... 3.00 3 to 4 ft...... 2.00

ENKIANTHUS CAMPANULATUS REDVEIN SHRUB

For something very fine, include some of these fine plants in your plantings.

				B&B									
18	to	24	in.	B&B		٠,			٠,				5.50
				B&B									
30	to	36	in.	B&B	 	 ٠	 						7.50

FORSYTHIA

F. INTERMEDIA. A graceful variety with arching branches and bright yellow blooms. 2 to 3 ft...... 1.50 4 to 5 ft...... 3.50 3 to 4 ft...... 2.00

F. SPECTABILIS. Most profuse of all, with large rich golden yellow flowers.

2 to 3 ft...... 1.50 4 to 5 ft...... 3.50 3 to 4 ft...... 2.00

FUCHSIA-HARDY FUCHSIA

F. MAGELLANICA. 2 ft. Most interesting shrub. The ruby-red pedant flowers are freely produced all summer and fall. It is easily grown in part shade, and has proven entirely hardy in New York Botanical Garden.

GENISTA-SCOTCH BROOM

Lovely green-stemed shrubs; flowers in June. MAYFLY. Yellow.

DONARD. Crimson.

LORD LAMBOURNE. Maroon yellow.

DAISY HILL. Cream and red.

15 to 18 in..... 2.50 18 to 24 in..... 3.35

HIBISCUS ALTHEA

H. SYRIACUS (Shrub-althea or Rose of Sharon). 10-12 ft. Tall-growing shrubs producing in profusion large, handsome, double flowers in various shades during late summer; very hardy, drought-resistant. We offer the following fine varieties:

Anemonaeflorus. Double pink.

Duchess de Brabant. Double red.

Jeanne d'Arc. Double white.

Assorted Colors: Double Red, Pink, White and Purple.

2 to 3 ft...... 1.50 4 to 5 ft...... 3.50 3 to 4 ft...... 2.00

HYDRANGEA HORTENSIS

Hydrangeas produce large panicles of beautiful flowers of various shades of color, depending upon the acidity of the soil. They require some protection in winter.

H. OTASKA (Old Favorite). Produces immense heads of usually blue but sometimes pink flowers.

2-year plants... 2.50 3-year plants... 3.50

H. PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA P. G. (Hardy Hydrangea). A most valuable shrub, which produces in July immense panicles of pure white flowers and lasts for several weeks. Largely used for massing and is also excellent for single specimens.

18 to 24 in..... 1.50 3 to 4 ft..... 4.00 2 to 3 ft..... 2.50

HYPERICUM-ST. JOHN'S WORT

H. MOSERIANUM. Large, golden yellow flowers all summer.

ILEX VERTIULLATA WINTERBERRY

Very fine shrub of the Holly family. Full of red berries in the fall.

18	to	24	in	1.50	3 to	4	ft	4.50
2	to	3	ft	2.50	4 to	5	ft	6.50

JASMINUM-JASMINE

J. NUDIFLORUM (Winter Jasmine). A small, spreading shrub bearing bright yellow flowers early in the spring before the foliage appears.

15 to 18 in..... 1.50 18 to 24 in..... 2.50

KERRIA JAPONICA FLORE-PLENO **DOUBLE KERRIA**

Bright green stems and bright yellow, double blooms. Blooms June on.

18 to 24 in..... 1.75 3 to 4 ft...... 3.50 4 to 5 ft..... 5.00 2 to 3 ft..... 2.50

KOLKWITZIA

K. AMABILIS (Beauty-bush). A very upright shrub to 6 feet high with slightly arching branches covered with gay light pink bells in May and June. It grows easily even in rather poor soil, and is very hardy. Good foliage.

18 to 24 in..... 1.50 3 to 4 ft..... 3.50 2 to 3 ft..... 2.50 4 to 5 ft..... 5.00

LAGERSTROEMIA INDICA-CREPE-MYRTLE

Too much cannot be said in favor of the delicate-flavored Lagerstroemia. Deciduous shrub, and producing throughout the sum-mer great clusters of delicately fringed flowers. In the South the Crepe-Myrtle takes the place of the lilac, so common in the North. Makes the most charming flowering hedge known. Reliably hardy as far north as Baltimore. Lavender, pink, watermelonred.

2 to 3 ft. B&B. 5.00 4 to 5 ft. B&B 15.00 3 to 4 ft. B&B. 8.00

LONICERA THE BUSH HONEYSUCKLE

L. FRAGRANTISSIMA (Winter Honeysuckle). 6-8 ft. Half-evergreen; tiny, sweet-scented flowers appear before the leaves unfurl in early spring and in late summer the plant is studded with glittering red berries. 2 to 3 ft..... 1.50 4 to 5 ft..... 3.50

3 to 4 ft..... 2.00

LONICERA (continued)

L. MORROWI (Morrow Honevsuckle, 7-8 ft. Pendulous branching, with creamy-white flowers, deliciously fragrant; the red fruit remains until autumn.

2 to 3 ft..... 1.50 4 to 5 ft...... 3.50 3 to 4 ft..... 2.00

L. Tartarica (Old Favorite). Shrub grows 8 feet high with pink flowers in early June; followed by scarlet berries.

2 to 3 ft..... 1.50 4 to 5 ft..... 3.50 3 to 4 ft..... 2.00 5 to 6 ft..... 6.00

LIQUSTRUM

See listing under "Hedges."

PHILADELPHUS.... THE MOCKORANGE

P. CORONARIUS (Sweet Mockorange). 8-10 ft. Great masses of alluring, fragrant, snow-white flowers in May and June; splendid verdant foliage. One of the very finest and most beloved old-fashioned flowering shrubs; perfect for cut flowers.

P. VIRGINALIS. A tall variety 7 to 8 feet high, Large clusters of double flowers almost 2 inches across that are pure glistening white and have a delicious fragrance.

Prices for above:

18 to 24 in..... 1.50 3 to 4 ft..... 3.00 2 to 3 ft..... 2.50 4 to 5 ft..... 6.00

POTENTILLA

P. FRUITICOSA PURDOMI (Lemon Drops).
A small shrub 2 to 3 feet high, blooming continuously from May to September. Excellent for the rock garden or in front of taller-growing shrubbery. Bright sulphuryellow blooms. You'll love it.

PRUNUS

P. GLANDULOSA ALBA PLENA (Double White Flowering Almond). A small tree bearing many white flowers in early spring, followed by small red fruit.

P. GLANDULOSA SINENSIS (Pink Flowering Almond). 5-6 ft. Charming clusters of double-pink blossoms on drooping branches in early spring.

Prices for above: 15 to 18 in..... 2.00 24 to 30 in..... 3.50 18 to 24 in..... 2.50 21/2 to 3 ft..... 5.00

RHODOTYPOS

R. KERRIOIDES (Jetbead). A bushy shrub with fresh green foliage and pure white flowers in May and June. Bunches of shining black berries enhance the shrub all winter. Will grow in shade.

ROSA

R. HUGONIS. Used entirely as a flowering shrub. It is most attractive and hardy. You will be very pleased with its use.

18 to 24 in..... 2.00 2 to 3 ft..... 3.00

SPIRAEA-THE SPIREAS

S. ANTHONY WATERER (Anthony Waterer Spirea). 3-4 ft. A free-blooming, compact shrub, with broad, flat heads of deep pink flowers all summer. Especially ex-cellent when planted in front of taller shrubs.

15 to 18 in..... 1.50 18 to 24 in..... 2.50 24 to 30 in..... 3.50

S. THUNBERGII. Forms a dense feathery bush, 3 to 5 feet high, the foliage in autumn changing to bright red and orange. Flowers pure white, borne in feathery masses in early spring. One of the most desirable of all the Spireas.

18 to 24 in..... 1.50 2 to 3 ft..... 2.50 3 to 4 ft..... 3.50

S. VAN HOUTTEI. The grandest of all the Spireas, and one of the very best of all shrubs; a complete fountain of pure white bloom in May and June.

3 to 4 ft..... 3.50 4 to 5 ft..... 5.00 18 to 24 in..... 1.50 2 to 3 ft..... 2.50

BLUE SPIREA. See "Caryopteris."

SYMPHORICARPOS SNOWBERRY

S. CHENAULTI. This is the choicest of the Snowberries. It is by nature a very graceful shrub growing into a shapely plant. Has small foliage. Bears in the fall an abundance of deep pink fruits.

2 to 3 ft...... 1.50 3 to 4 ft..... 2.00

RACEMOSUS (Snowberry). An upright low-growing shrub with pink flowers in July, which is valued for its waxy, showy white berries in fall. Very effective in mass in the shrubbery border.

3 to 4 ft..... 3.00 4 to 5 ft.... 5.00 18 to 24 in..... 1.50 2 to 3 ft..... 2.00

S. VULGARIS (Coral Berry, or Indian Currant). Vigorous, quick growing shrub; covered with reddish-purple berries, which persist all winter. Excellent for borders. Above priced on request

18 to 24 in..... 1.50 3 to 4 ft..... 3.00 4 to 5 ft.... 5.00

SYRINGA—THE LILACS

S. PERSICA (Persian Lilac). 8-10 ft. Loose, broad panicles of pale lilac flowers on slender, arching branches in May and June.

2 to 3 ft...... 2.00 4 to 5 3 to 4 ft...... 3.00 (continued in next column) 4 to 5 ft..... 4.00

SYRINGA (continued)

S. VILLOSA (Late Lilac). 7-8 ft. Bushy, compact habit, with pale pinkish-lilac flowers in June; fragrant.

4 to 5 ft..... 3.50 2 to 3 ft..... 2.00 3 to 4 ft..... 2.50

S. VULGARIS (Common Purple Lilac). 12-15 ft. Fine old-fashioned shrub. The great bunches of purple-lilac flowers have a most pungent, delicious fragrance. Being one of the most vigorous shrubs, it is not particular as to its location.

2 to 3 ft..... 2.50 4 to 5 ft..... 5.00 3 to 4 ft..... 3.00

Larger sizes priced on request.

S. VULGARIS ALBA (Common White Lilac). 12-15 ft. The flowers are white with the same attributes possessed by the Common Purple Lilac.

2 to 3 ft..... 2.00 4 to 5 ft..... 5.00 3 to 4 ft..... 3.00

Larger sizes priced on request.

S. VULGARIS FRENCH HYBRIDS (French **Lilacs**). 6-12 ft. These delightful shrubs have beauty of form and color; the panicles of flower are larger than those of common Lilacs, and very fragrant; hardy and easily grown.

18 to 24 in..... 2.50 3 to 4 ft..... 6.00 2 to 3 ft..... 3.50 4-5 ft...7.50 to 10.00

S. CHARLES JOLY. Deep red-mauve, double.

S. CHARLES X. Dark reddish purple flower in magnificent clusters.

JACQUES CALOT. Single pinkish lilac flowers, averaging about 8 inches long.

S. LUDWIG SPAETH. Large, single white flowers, pyramidal in form.

S. PRES. GREVY. Blue-violet to soft pink, double.

S. MME. LEMOINE. Pure white, double variety.

S. MICHAEL BUCHNER. Pale lilac flowers. double.

VIBURNUM

V. BURKWOODI. A new hybrid Viburnum growing to 6 feet. Fragrant with flowers in early spring. It likes a sunny, welldrained situation and plenty of moisture. Brilliant fall foliage. This is a very choice plant that should find a place in many gardens.

15 to 18 in..... 3.50 24 to 30 in.... 6.50 18 to 24 in.... 5.00

(continued on next page)

PACHYSANDRA

Ground Covering Plants

TERMINALIS (Japanese

PACHYSANDRA TERMINALIS (Japanese Splurge). A ground cover which will grow in all shady situations and the only plant which will thrive under pines. Used also for bordering in sun or shade. Strong plants	EUONYMUS RADICANS COLORATA (Redleaved Wintercreeper). 6-12 ft. Long narrow reddish purple leaves. Excellent for winter coloring. 2 1/4 inch pots
VIBURNUM (continued)	WEIGELA—DIERVILLA
V. CARLESI. Shrub 5 to 6 feet high with waxy white, deliciously fragrant flowers in clusters. A very hardy variety doing well in either full sun or part shade. 15 to 18 in 5.00 24 to 30 in10.00 18 to 24 in 7.50 V. OPULUS (High Bush Cranberry). Shrub 10 to 12 feet high with large white flowers in great profusion at the end of May, followed by showy scarlet berries. 2 to 3 ft 2.00 4 to 5 ft 5.00 3 to 4 ft 3.50 V. OPULUS STERILE (American Snowball). A shrub that is familiar to everyone; becomes covered in early spring with perfect balls of snowy white flowers; does best in well-drained sunny spot. 18 to 24 in 1.50 3 to 4 ft 3.00 2 to 3 ft 2.50 4 to 5 ft 5.00 V. TOMENTOSUM (Double-file Viburnum). Flat-topped clusters of pure white flowers lie along the top of the horizontal	It would be hard to suggest finer all-round shrubs than the different members of the Weigela family, the finest of our garden shrubs. They grow into magnificent high bushes of splendid shape and character, and can be used for many purposes. Great improvement has been made in the color and size of their flower by hybridizers, and it is now possible to obtain Weigelas ranging in color from pure white to deep carmine. NEW WEIGELA, BRISTOL RUBY. Pat. No. 492. 6-7 ft. Improved Eva Rathke. Best red Weigela grown. Flowers throughout summer and fall. Exceptionally hardy and vigorous. 18 to 24 in 2.00 2 to 3 ft 3.00 W. CANDIDA. A shrub to 8 feet. White flowers. 2 to 3 ft 2.00 4 to 5 ft 5.00 3 to 4 ft 3.00 W. EVA RATHKE. A charming Weigela; flowers brilliant crimson; a beautiful, distinct, clear shade. Midsummer. 2 to 3 ft 2.00 4 to 5 ft 5.00 3 to 4 ft 2.00 4 to 5 ft 5.00
branches. Bluish black fruit. Grows to 10 feet. 2 to 3 ft 1.50 4 to 5 ft 5.00 3 to 4 ft 2.50	W. NANA VARIEGATA (Dwarf Variegated Weigela). Dwarf, compact, with pale pink flowers and variegated leaves.
V. TOMENTOSUM STERILE (plicatum). (Japanese Snowball). A 7 to 8-foot shrub with 3-inch white "snowballs" in June. 2 to 3 ft 2.00 4 to 5 ft 5.00 3 to 4 ft 3.00	2 to 3 ft 2.00 3 to 4 ft 3.00 W. ROSEA. Clear pink flowers, upright grower. Seldom overgrows. 2 to 3 ft 2.00 4 to 5 ft 5.00 3 to 4 ft 2.50

RUS CONFERTA (Litoralis). Excellent ne rockery or in front of low everinch spread 2.00 inch spread 3.00

EUONYMUS RADICANS COLORATA (Red-

EIGELA—DIERVILLA

Vines and Climbing Plants - -

For quick results in covering the bare sides and softening the sharp angles of buildings, hiding unsightly fences, beautifying and shading porches, bowers, and summer-houses, vines and climbers are indispensable. The sweeping vines about a porch or trellis appeal to everyone.

CELASTRUS SCANDENS— AMERICAN BITTERSWEET	AMPELOPSIS— (PARTHENACISSUS)						
S year heavy plants 2.50 CLEMATIS	A. QUINQUEFOLIA (Virginia Creeper). 30-50 feet. This well-known climber is one of the best and quickest growing varieties for covering trees, trellises, old stumps,						
One year old, well established plants from pots. Sure to please you. C. HENRYI. Large, creamy white blooms. 8	etc. Its large, deep green foliage assumes brilliant shades of yellow, crimson and scarlet in autumn. 2 year plant in 4 in. pot						
to 10 ft. Each, \$1.50 C. JACKMANI. Rich purple, 10 ft. Summer	A. TRICUSPIDATA (Veitchi) (Japanese Creeper or Boston Ivy). Grows very rapidly and clings to the smoothest surfaces, form-						
c. JACKMANI RUBRA. Rich red, Each \$1.75	ing a mat of beautiful overlapping foliage of rich olive green which turns to shades of scarlet, orange, yellow, green and gold						
C. MME. EDOUARD ANDRE. Rosy carmine. 7 ft. Each \$1.50	in the autumn. 2 year strong plants in 4 in. pots 1.00						
C. RAMONA. Lavender-blue.	HEDERA—IVY H. HELIX (English Ivy). One of the finest						
C. CRIMSON STAR. New red. Large blooms. Each \$1.65 SWEET AUTUMN CLEMATIS	of all plants for covering buildings or for a ground-cover almost anywhere. In winter the green leaves show white veins.						
C. PANICULATA. Pure white, fragrant bloom mantles the plant in August and September. A vigorous climber producing	Each Doz. 100 2 1/4 inch pots						
a most graceful, showy effect. 2-year plants	H. HELIX BALTICA. Very hardy variety with small leaves. Each 100 2 1/4 inch pots						
EUONYMUS RADICANS	L. JAPONICA HALLIANA (Halls Honey-						
Wintercreeper. Small glossy evergreen foliage. Hardy.	suckle). The old fragrant Honeysuckle with creamy yellow flowers. Strong plants 1.00						
E. RADICANS CARRIEREI. A variety of low, spreading growth. Priced on request. E. RADICANS COLORATA.	Quantity prices on request.						
2 1/4 in. pots	WISTERIA GRAFTED WISTERIA—Guaranteed to bloom						
E. RADICANS VEGETUS (Bigleaf Winter- creeper). Strong-growing evergreen with handsome foliage and scarlet fruit. Priced	and bloom early. 3 year 2.50 W. FLORIBUNDA ROSEA. Popular variety with flowers of clear pink.						
on request, .50 2 year field plants 1.50	W. FLORIBUNDA PRAECOX (Issai). Blue.						
GELSEMIUM SEMPERVIRENS (Carolina Yellow Jessamine). Climbing shrub to 15 feet with lustrous foliage and very fragrant	Blooms when very young; quite often						
yellow flowers. Strong plants	W. ALBA. White. 2 year grafted potted plants						

Hedges

If your fences and dividing lines are made of hedge they immediately become a thing of beauty, and upkeep is materially reduced. Once established, your living fence or hedge will last for years and with a little care will become more beautiful as time rolls along.

Listed below are several varieties of plants that are most commonly used as hedges and are well adapted to this purpose.

- ABELIA GRANDIFLORA A. Rupestris. Beautiful evergreen foliage, fragrant pinkish bell-shaped flowers. Full description elsewhere.
- BERRERIS BARBERRY B. Thunbergi (Japanese Barberry). See page 17.
- **ELEAGNUS FRUITLANDI.** Fragrant flowers. Attractive red fruit, Evergreen, Full description on Page 5.
- ILEX CRENATA ROTUNDIFOLIA (Largeleaf Japanese Holly). Glossy green foliage. For formal or informal effect. Full description elsewhere.
- SPIREA THUNBERGI. Upright growth, Small white flowers. Deciduous. Full description elsewhere.
- SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI. Graceful arching branches. White flowers. Full description elsewhere.

Special prices on above for hedge plantings.

LIGUSTRUM PRIVET

LIQUSTRUM CALIFORNIA. (California privet).

18 to 24 inch, per 100......25.00 2 to 3 ft., per 100...... 35.00 3 to 4 ft., per 100 50.00

L. SINENSE (Amoor River). The best of privets for southern hedges. An upright grower, almost entirely evergreen.

18 to 24 inch, per 100......25.00 2 to 3 ft., per 100......30.00 3 to 4 ft., per 100......40.00

- L. LUCIDUM. Beautiful large glossy evergreen foliage. Full description on Page 6. Special prices for hedge plantings.
- OBTUSIFOLIUM REGELIANUM (Regal privet). Exceptionally hardy. Semi-evergreen. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.25 each or 75.00 per 100.

Fruit Trees and Berry Plants

APPLES

The varieties offered below are some of the best known and proven sorts. Clay or YELLOW DELICIOUS. A very fine apple, clay loam is the best soil for growing apples. The land should be plowed well and deep before setting the trees. It should, of course, be well drained and kept thoroughly cultivated.

SUMMER APPLES

- EARLY HARVEST. Medium or large, bright yellow, tender, juicy, well flavored. Ripens WINESAP. The old-fashioned Winesap. No early June and lasts 2 or 3 weeks.
- YELLOW TRANSPARENT. Medium, yellow, good quality. A productive, excellent and popular variety. Tree of dwarfish habit. Bears young. June. 4 to 6 ft..... 3.50

CRAB APPLES

HYSLOP CRAB. Large, deep crimson; one of the most beautiful of Crabs; very popular.

4 to 6 ft..... 3.50

DELICIOUS. Medium to large; roundish, skin dark red with yellow background. A heavy

bearer and good keeper; extra fine. similar to the Delicious in flavor and time of its ripening.

MAMMOTH BLACK TWIG. A seedling of Winesap; fruit darker red and larger size; strong, upright grower; fine flavor. One of the best apples.

STAYMAN'S WINESAP. Also a seedling of Winesap; dark red, firm flesh, grained, crisp, sub-acid; quality best; strong grower.

better apple to be had; needs no description. 4 to 6 ft..... 3.50

CHERRIES SWEET CHERRIES

BLACK TARTARIAN. Late, large, purplish black; tender, juicy, sweet. July.

ROYAL ANNE. Large, light yellow and red; known as Wax Cherry. June. 4 to 6 ft..... 4.50

(continued on next page)

CHERRIES (continued)

SOUR CHERRIES

LARGE MONTMORENCY. Largest and strongest grower of all sour cherries. Ripens after Richmond. A leading market sort.

EARLY RICHMOND. Each 3.50

PEARS

BARTLETT. Large, yellow, most popular August.

GARBER. Large, pretty yellow with red cheek. Resembles Kieffer, but ripens last of August. A thrifty grower and valuable sort.

✓ KIEFFER. Large to very large; skin yellow with a light vermillion cheek; flesh brittle; very juicy, good quality. Begins to bear at 3 to 4 years old. One of the surest bearers.

SECKEL. Of delicious, sweet flavor; melting; tree a stout, slow grower. August.

4 to 6 ft...... 3.00

Most of our Fruits, 3 year trees..... 3.50 Ea. ELBERTA (Midseason). A valuable large Special Prices on Quantity

peach, of good quality: fruit large, yellow

PLUMS

ABUNDANCE (Boton). One of the oldest and best known Japanese varieties; hardy, productive. Fruit large, lemon yellow, with heavy bloom; good quality. August.

*BURBANK. Best and most profitable among the growers for market; ripens 10 to 14 days after Abundance. Tree hardy, sprawling, vigorous grower; unequaled in productiveness; bears young. Fruit large, excellent quality; cherry red with lilac bloom. August.

4 to 6 ft...... 3.00

GRAPES

PURPLE GRAPES

CONCORD. Large bunch and berry; one of the best and most popular old sorts.

Each 1.50

WHITE GRAPES

RED GRAPES

PEACHES

A well-drained, sandy loam with a clay subsoil is an ideal soil for the Peach; however, the Peach has the faculty of adapting itself to almost any soil, provided it is well drained.

4 to 6 ft...... 3.00

VARIETIES IN ORDER OF RIPENING

belle of Georgia. Ripens the first to fifteenth of August. Fruit is large, white with red cheek; flesh white, firm, of excellent flavor. Tree a rapid grower and very productive. One of the very best market sorts. Freestone.

ELBERTA (Midseason). A valuable large peach, of good quality; fruit large, yellow with red cheek; juicy and extremely high flavored; flesh yellow; free-stone. The leading market variety. Ripens here about the middle of August. Each 3.00

NEW BLUEBERRIES

Imagine the old-fashioned Blueberry or "Huckleberry" grown to three-quarters of an inch in diameter. That's what these new varieties will do; yield has also been increased.

CABOT. The earliest variety to fruit. Plants seldom exceed 3 feet in height, making a broad, low bush. Delicious subacid flavor.

CONCORD. Bush of upright habit and at maturity exceeds 6 feet in height. The berries are large.

JERSEY. Vigorous in habit, grows very large. The berries are very large; light blue.

RANCOCAS. Slender, vigorous, upright habit rarely surpassing 5 feet in height. The berries are earlier and larger than Rubel.

RUBEL. Well-developed bushes stand 6 feet or more high. The large berries are of fine blue color; can be depended on for a good crop every year. Ripens about two weeks later than Cabot.

✓ STANLEY. New. Most delicious of all the blueberries. Produces good yields of large berries in mid-season. Bush of upright growth.

3-year old plants, 12 to 18 inches Each, \$1.50; Three, \$4.00

Annual and Perennial Section

THIS LIST CANCELS ALL PREVIOUS LISTS

This list does not cover everything we grow but only such stock as we have a fair supply to offer. Correspondence is invited regarding other kinds not listed here.

TERMS:

Cash, or satisfactory references must accompany all orders from parties unknown to us. 3% discount for cash with order; 2% 10 days; 30 days net; 6% interest charged after 60 days from date of invoice.

GUARANTEE:

We guarantee any plant and bulb we sell to be true to name and in healthy condition, and will replace or refund the money paid for such items which are proven not to be as represented.

COMPLAINTS, if any, must be made in writing to us within five days after receipt of goods.

All plants offered are field grown, except where noted

Scarcity of Good Perennial Plants Still Exists

Therefore, it is important that you place your order as early as possible to avoid disappointment.

Annuals . . . and Bedding Plants — potted

AGERATUM-

Blue Bedder. 6 to 10 in. Fairly uniform in growth and color with medium-size bright blue flowers.

Imperial Dwarf. White, 10 to 12 in. In 2½" pots — Doz. \$1.75, 25 \$3, 50 \$5

ALYSSUM-

Carpet of Snow. 3 to 4 in. Produce a very dense flat mass of white flowers.

Violet Queen. 5 in. Fragrant, bright violet flowers are borne on dwarf, compact plants. In $2\frac{1}{2}$ pots Doz. \$150, 25 \$2.50, 50 \$4.50

ASTER-(Wilt and Rust Resistant)

New Ball Shell-pink. Large (31/2 to 4 in.) Fully double flowers of soft shellpink (early).

New Ball White. Double, large-flowered, pure-white.

ASTER ROYALS

Azure-blue.

Ball Deep Rose.

White.

Transplanted in Flats - \$4.00 Out of Flats - Dozen 75c

BEGONIAS—

(Any good, light soil with plenty of humus, in a partial to fairly shaded location, will grow good Begonias.) Double Fibrous-rooted. Extra Dwarf, pink,

red, white.

Each 25c, Three 60c, Dozen \$2.00 Fibrous-rooted. Dwarf Class. Ball deep

rose, red, white.
Each 25c, Three 60c, Dozen \$1.75 Tuberous-rooted. In 5 in. pots. Double vel-

low, white, pink, orange, red. Each \$1.50, Three \$4.00, Dozen \$15.00

BROWALLIA-

Speciosa Major. 11/2 in. Violet-blue flowers are carried on 10 to 12 in. plants. In 2½" pots — Each 25c, Dozen \$2.00

CANDYTUFT-

Carmine.

Giant White. Uniform in growth, large flowered.

Lavender. In 21/2" pots Dozen \$1.50, 25 \$2.50, 50 \$4.50

CANNAS-

King Humbert. Scarlet. King Midas. Dwarf, yellow. Madam Cozy (new). Pink. The President. Red.

Venus. Speckled rose-pink.
Yellow King Humbert. Yellow.
In 3" pots — Each 25c
Dozen ____ \$2.50 50 ____ \$ 8.00 25 _____ \$4.50 100 ____ \$15.00

CELOSIA---

Dwarf Fiery Feather.

In 21/2" pots — Dozen \$1.75

COLEUS-

Ball Rainbow Mixture. In 21/2" pots Each 20c. Three 50c. Dozen \$1.50

DAHLIAS-

Giant Flowered Mixture. In 3" pots Each 35c, Three \$1.00, Dozen \$2.50

GAILLARDIA PICTA-

Sunshine Double Mixed. Wine red, yellow and bicolor. In 2½" pots - Doz. \$1.75

GERANIUMS---

Potted in 3" pots -Each ____ \$.35 Dozen ___ \$ 3.50 Three ____ \$1.00 100 ____ \$27.50

Potted in 4" pots -

Each 75c, Dozen \$7.50

Potted in 5" pots -Each \$1.00, Dozen \$10.00

HELIOTROPE-

Dwarf Regale Mixture. Richly fragrant. In 21/2" pots - Dozen \$1.75

IMPATIENS-

Sultani Dwarf Mixture. Most valuable dwarf plants for bedding and porch boxes under shade conditions.

In 21/2" pots — Each 20c, Dozen \$2.00

LANTANA-

Lantana Mixed. Lemon yellow, red and In 21/2" pots - Each 20c, Dozen \$2.00

LARKSPUR-Best Mixture.

In 21/2" pots - Dozen \$1.50 Transplanted in Flats - \$3.50 Out of Flats — Dozen 75c

MARIGOLDS-

DWARF BEDDING

Butterball. Canary yellow.

Cupid.

Naughty Marietta. Golden yellow.

Red Head. Mahogany.

Spry. Orange and maroon.

Sunkist. Double orange.

Sunny. Clear yellow.

(continued on next page)

MARIGOLDS (continued)-

TALL FOR CUTTING

All Double Lemon.

All Double Orange.

Yellow Supreme.

In 2½" pots — Dozen \$1.50 Transplanted in Flats — \$3.50 Out of Flats — Dozen 60c

PANSIES—Large flowering, transplanted, field grown, in bud or bloom.

Dozen ____ \$1.65 50 ____ \$ 5.50 25 ____ \$3.00 100 ___ \$10.00

PETUNIAS-

CALIFORNIA GIANTS

Ball Dwarf Giant No. 1 Ball Dwarf Giant No. 2

In 21/2" pots — Dozen \$1.75

DOUBLE --- FANCY

Allegro. Bright salmon, dwarf plants.

Ball. All-double mixture.

Canadian Queen. Pure pink, large flowered.

Sonata. The top in double whites, dwarfest of large flowered. In 3" pots
Each 25c, Three 70c, Dozen \$2.50

DWARF HYBRIDS

Admiral. "King of the Blues."

Celestial Rose Improved. Deep rose.

Cheerful. Clear salmon.

Fire Chief. Scarlet red.

Glow. Bright rose.

Heavenly Blue. Light blue.

King Henry. Deep velvety crimson.

Peach Red. Salmon rose.

Velvet. Dark red.

White Perfection. Pure white.

In 2½" pots — Doz. \$1.50, 50 \$5, 100 \$8 Transplanted in Flats — \$4.00 Out of Flats — Dozen 75c

FRINGED HYBRIDS

Silver Medal. Salmon rose.

In 21/2" pots — Dozen \$1.75

GRANDIFLORAS

Elk's Pride Dwarf. Purple.

Snowstorm. Large flowered white.

White Queen. Pure white.

In 21/2" pots — Dozen \$1.75

THE BALCONIES

Mixed Colors.

In 2½" pots — Dozen \$1.50 Transplanted in Flats — \$3.50 Out of Flats — Dozen 75c

PHLOX DRUMMONDI-

Dwarf Mixed. In 2½" pots — Doz. \$1.75

PORTULACA-

Double.

Single Mixture. In 2½" pots Doz. \$150, 25 \$2.75, 50 \$5.50

SALVIAS—Scarlet Sage

America (Globe of Fire). 20 in.

St. John's Fire. 12 in. The earliest and most dwarf variety available.

Splendens Tall. Late flowering species.

In 2½" pots
Dozen \$1.75, 50 \$6.00, 100 \$10.00
Transplanted in Flats — \$4.50
Out of Flats — Dozen 75c

SNAPDRAGONS—(Rust and Wilt Resistant)

Canary Bird. Yellow.

Cherry Red. Cerise red.

Copper Queen. Burnished copper.

Crimson. Fiery crimson.

Pinkie. Soft rose-colored.

Yellow Jacket. Canary yellow.

In 2½" pots — Dozen \$1.75 Transplanted in Flats — \$4.00 Out of Flats — Dozen 75c

TOMATOES—

Master Marglobe. Highly resistant.

Ponderosa.

Rutgers.

Potted — Dozen \$1.00 Transplanted in Flats — \$3.50 Out of Flats — Doz. 60c

VERBENAS-

Beauty of Oxford. Clear rose-pink to deep rose red.

Compacta, 4 to 5 in.

Crimson Glow. Crimson.

Dannebrog. Scarlet.

Ellen Wilmott. Salmon pink.

Mounty. Cardinal red.

Pure White. An even strain.

rure white. An even stiding

Royale. Deep blue. In 2½" pots
Dozen \$1.75, 25 \$3.00, 50 \$5.00

VINCA-

Rosea. (Periwinkle)

In 21/2" pots — Doz. \$1.75

ZINNIAS---

DAHLIA FLOWERED

Canary Bird. Canary yellow.

Exquisite. Rose pink.

Giant Mammoth Mixture.

Lilliput Mixture.

Oriole. Orange, dark center.

Polar Bear. Creamy white.

Purple Prince. Deep Purple.

Pumila Type Mixture.

In 2½" pots — Dozen \$1.50 Transplanted in Flats — \$3.50 Out of Flats — Dozen 60c

Perennials

Choice ROCK PLANTS and BORDER PLANTS - Most Suitable For This Climate

ACHILLEA-Yarrow

su

Ptarmica. Perry White. 18 inches. Clusters of double pure white flowers. A favorite for cutting all summer long, and a good filler plant. June to August. 3-inch Pots — Each 75c, Three \$2.00

AETHIONEMA—

SUN-ROCK

Warley Rose. Loveliest of Persian Candytufts. Little rose-pink flowers with light veinings. Prefers a sunny, welldrained place in the rock garden.

2-inch Pots — Each 50c, Three \$1.35

AJUGA---

SUN-PART SHADE

Reptans. Evergreen creeping groundcover. Blue flowers. May. 6 in.

Tottenhami. New hybrid with bronze-red foliage, attractive blue flowers. 6 in. Reptans type.

Each 50c, Three \$1.35

ALYSSUM—Madwort

SUN-ROCK

Saxatile Compactum. 1 ft. Every gardener is enthusiastic about "Basket of Gold" which combines well with many plants in the rock, or wall-garden or in your perennial border.

Saxatile Citrinum. Lovely pale yellow form of the above.

3-inch Pots — Each 60c, Three \$1.75

ANEMONE-Windflower

SUN-PART SHADE

Hupehensis. Pleasing mauve-rose, flowers in Aug. and Sept.; growing about 18 in. high: splendid for border or rockery.

Marie Manchard. A fine new semi-double white, early flowering. A fine improvement over white varieties.

Pulsatilla. Large violet-blue flowers in early spring; 10 to 12 in. high, very attractive.

September Charm. Lovely single silvery rose flowers; in full bloom about the middle of Sept. A good grower and very free flowering.

September Queen. A desirable variety with semi-double flowers of appealing, rosyred, erect habit. A very free bloomer; in full bloom by Sept. 15.

September Sprite. A lovely miniature Anemone resembling Hupehensis, but smaller and more dainty. A free bloomer and neat compact habit, 12 in. high. A charming rock plant for late summer blooms.

Potted — Each 60c, Three \$1.75

ANCHUSA-

SUN-PART SHADE

Myosotidiflora. The loose heads of brilliant blue flowers combined effectively with narcissus and other spring-flowering plants, and the heart-shaped leaves make an attractive shady ground cover throughout the season.

Each 60c, Three \$1.75

ANTHEMIS—Golden Marguerite

SUN

Moonlight. 18 to 24 in. Light yellow. June and July. Each 60c, Three \$1.75

AQUILEGIA—Columbine. "Must" plants for every garden, however small. Most graceful, excellent cutflowers. May, June.

Crimson Star. Large flowers with **crimson** sepals and spurs accentuated with white petals.

Mrs. Scott Elliott's Strain. Outstanding for its wide range of color. We offer these long-spurred Columbines with justifiable pride.

Each SSc. Three \$1.50

ARABIS----Rock-Cress

SUN-ROCK

Alpina. 1 ft. Desirable double white form. April, May. Fl. Pl. 3-incb Pots — Each 55c, Three \$1.50

ARMERIA-Thrift

SUN-ROCK

Bees' Ruby. Large heads of ruby-red flowers produced on stiff, wiry stems. 18 in. Solid bed or large border is a spectacle in June. Each 60c, Three \$1.75

Cephalotus Rubra. Large heads of deep pink flowers freely produced all summer. 10-12 in. We consider this variety the showiest. Each 60c, Three \$1.50

HARDY ASTERS-Everbl

Frikarti. One of the finest of the hardy Asters, starting to bloom early in July and continuing until fall. Large, lavender-blue daisies on branching 2 to 2½ ft. plants. Potted — Each 75c, Three \$2.00

TALL FALL ASTERS-Michaelmas Daisies

Olga Keith. Very free blooming and compact in growth. The plants are completely covered with rosy lavender blooms. Each 75c, Three \$2.00

Astilbe - Spirea

SUN - PART SHADE - FULL SHADE

Ornamental hardy plant. Delicate glossy, fernlike foliage, attractive all summer. Ideal for shady, damp places, but also good in sun. Requires moist rich soil. June and July. Feathery $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. spikes. For feeding apply only old manure. Do not use Fertilizer. PLANT MORE OF IT.

Bonn. Carmine rose.
Bremen. Dark pink.
Deutschland. Pure white.
Etna. Glowing carmine red.
Europe. Lovely feathery pink spikes.

Fanal. Brilliant, deep garnet red.
Gloria. Dark rose.
Koblenz. Red.
Prof. Van Der Wielen. White.
Rheinland. Bright crimson.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

POPULAR ASTERS-

Lavender Giant. A new introduction. Large lavender-blue flowers completely cover the 4 ft. plants in graceful sprays, making this variety ideal for cut-flower use. Early Sept. to late Oct., "by far the finest aster for all purposes; best habit of growth of any of the fall asters."

Mount Everest. 4 ft. Pyramidal plants of snowy white flowers with yellow eyes. Beautiful in the garden or when cut.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

NEW ENGLAND ASTER—Nova-angliae variety

Harrington's Pink. 4 ft. Flowers are perfectly flat. 1½ in. or more across, and of clear soft pink, with not a hint of the usual magenta found in most pink Asters. Strong field grown plants.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

CAMPANULA—Bellflower SHAI

Medium. 2 ft. Canterbury Bells. Mixed or separate colors—white, pink, or blue.

Each 55c, Three \$1.50

Persicifolia. 21/2 ft. Delightful blue flowers on spire-like stems. June, July.

Each 60c, Three \$1.75

SUN

CARNATION-

Dinah. A good companion to Evangeline.

Deep Persian rose with maroon center.

Fully double flowers, three to four on a stem. Spicy fragrance.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

Evangeline. Spicy, penetrating fragrance, 3 to 4 fully double flowers of soft Persian rose on a stem.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

Wallace Red. Semi-double brilliant crimson-red flowers on 8-12 in. stems, blooms all summer; sturdy compact growth and most appealing. It's really "tops." Feature it in your grown.

Each 60c, Three \$1.75

SWEET MEMORY is the hardy carnation you have been waiting for. This lovely new perennial carnation, it could be said, has all the good features that a plant needs to be really outstanding. It is perfectly hardy, has large double, sweet-scented, carnation-like flowers; but vet, these flowers are carried on short, sturdy stems which never flop over. Its growth is compact and tight, forming a cushion-like plant. Just picture a matured plant, with carnation-like foliage and so compact in growth, covered with two-inch fully double carnation-like blooms on the sturdy stems eight to twelve inches high. It blooms late May and June, and a few blooms intermittently all summer. The color is pure white with crimson-maroon spots at various parts in the center of the flower. All our visitors who have seen it have liked it immensely, and we know that you will, too. It is as easy to grow as any other pinks or carnations, doing beautifully in any average garden soil which is well-drained and in a sunny location. It will stand a little shade, but not too much. You owe it to yourself to try this outstanding new plant and be among the first to have Sweet Memory in your garden. Sturdy plants that will give you a few blooms off and on all summer this year and will develop into nice, big bushy plants and give you at least ten times as many blooms next year and thereafter. Sweet Memory's compact and bushy growth, and evergreen foliage all year round makes it outstanding for hedging and bordering flower beds. Each 75c, Three \$2.00

CHRYSANTHEMUMS

Large Double Flowered Choice Varieties.

Spoon Varieties.

Single and Semi-Double Varieties.

Pompons.

Cushion Mums.

Rooted Cutting in 21-incb Pot -

Each 30c, Four \$1.00, Doz. \$2.75

Large Field-Grown Clumps Available in Fall — All Varieties — Each 85c, Three \$2.25, Six \$4.25

CIMICIFUGA—Bugbane. Excellent for the shady garden.

Japonica Acerina. A late flowering species of free blooming habit. Aug. and Sept. 2 to 3 ft. Each 75c, Three \$2.00

CONVALARIA—Lily of the Valley SHAD

Majalis. The popular Lily of the Valley that everybody knows and loves. "The ideal plant for that shady corner." Strong pips. Doz. \$2.00

New Pink Lily of the Valley

Pale pink, grows well in shade, good also for rock garden. A must on your list of new perennials.

3-inch Pots - Each \$1.00, Three \$2.50

COREOPSIS-

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

DWARF SUMMER DAHLIAS-

Unwin's Strain. Graceful, semi-double flowers in a wide range of colors starting to bloom in early summer and continuing until frost. Strong plants, mixed colors. 18-24 in.

Each 35c, Three \$1.00

For the background of the perennial border or for cut-flower use, stately spikes of this top-notch perennial makes a great show.

Belladonna. Light Blue.

Each 60c, Three \$1.75

New Giant Pacific Hybrids. An outstanding new strain. The huge florets are beautifully spaced on well balanced, strong spikes. Mildew resistant.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

Black Knight Series. Deep mid-night violet. The darkest of them all. Flowers of beautiful round form, with heavy velvety texture. Each 75c, Three \$2.00

Summer Skies. Clearest light blue with white bee. Each 75c, Three \$2.00

PIANTHUS—Fragrant Pinks

Reminiscent of other days when fragrant flowers were in vogue, the great number of Dianthus available today are still a source of color and delicious fragrance. The Pinks are ideal low border or rock garden plants that do best if planted in a well-drained, sunny location. We have these plants in 3- and 4-inch pots.

Beatrix. 12-in. clusters of salmon pink flowers. A popular variety which is always in demand.

Bobby. 8 in. One of our favorite plants, this compact-growing gem with glaucous foliage produces large flowers of deep pink with crimson centers. The finest Dianthus ever introduced, very permanent in garden.

Bristol Purity. 1 ft. Double white flowers.

Deltoides Erecta. 6 in. A distinct species with deep green foliage and small brilliant crimson flowers low compact growth of creeping habit, blooms May and June.

Little Joe. 6 in. Large crimson blooms.

Mrs. Dina Weller. A new little Dianthus of very compact growth covered with lavendar pink flowers with much deeper ring in the center. 6 inches high. Late May and June. Ideal for the small rock garden or border.

Each 60c, Three \$1.75

Rose Unique Hybrids. Pink. 6 in. Late
May, June. Each 75c, Three \$2.00

DIANTHUS BARBATUS—Sweet William Mixed Hybrids. Many shades.

Each 50c, Three \$1.35

DICENTRA-Bleedingheart SUN-SHADE

Eximia. A dwarf variety, finely cut foliage and showy pink flowers in bloom from spring to fall; does well in shade.

Each 55c, Three \$1.50

Spectabilis. The old favorite bleedingheart, strong, 3 to 5 eyes.

Potted - Each \$1.00, Three \$2.75

DIGITALIS—Foxglove

SUN-PART SHADE

Giant Shirley, Mixed. Fine selection of mixed colors. Each 50c, Three \$1.35

Taplow Blue. 3 to 3½ ft. Interesting globe-shaped blue flowers. Excellent for cutting and drying.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

EPEMEDIUM—Barronworts

SHADE Ideal low growing plants for shaded locations. They are of easy culture and perfectly hardy. Attractive leathery green foliage turning bronzy-red in fall. The dainty flowers of unsurpassed loveliness are produced freely in early spring for the rock garden, for the hardy border, or used as ground cover.

Alpinum Rubrum. Red with white spurs. Sulphureum. Pale yellow.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

EUPHORBIA—Milkworth

Polychroma. 12 in. A showy variety for the work garden and border. Goldenyellow flowers in May and June.

Each \$1.25, Three \$3.50

HARDY FERNS-

Lady Fern. Exceedingly showy and vigorous. Shade. 2 to 3 ft.

Leatherwood Fern. Evergreen. Attractive and vigorous grower. 2 to 3 ft.

Maidenhair Fern. One of the most distant and beautiful ferns. Prefers a moist, shady location. 18 to 24 in.

Royal Fern. A strong tall species that thrives in shady or sunny locations. 3 ft.

Toothed Woodfern. Almost everygreen. Fine effects when massed. Shade.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

FUNKIA—Hosta

SUN-PART SHADE

Indispensable plants for gardens. Grow well in sun or shade. Blooms are attractive and foliage has a rich and enduring quality which is especially decorative for ground-cover use. Especially recommended for shade.

Subcordata Grandiflora Alba. The old fashioned August Lily; one of the most permanent of perennials. Makes a de-lightful shady border.

Undulata Variegata. 2 ft. A form with variegated foliage; blue flowers in July.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

GAILLARDIA—Blanket-Flower

Burgundy. Unusually large bloom in a wine-red color.

Dazzler. A choice variety with pure golden maroon flowers.

Each 55c, Three \$1.50

TOP SOIL

We have a fine grade of top soil. \$1.00 per bu. \$10.00 per cu. yd. delivered. \$35.00 per approx. 6 cu. yds. del. GERANIUM---Cranesbill Ideal for the sunny rock garden or

hardy border. Bloom freely during early summer months.

Grandiflorum, alpinum. Dwarf, single violet blue. 10 in. May-July.

Lancastriense. Light salmon-pink blooms borne frequently all summer on 4 to 6 in. stems. Unusually hardy; a choice, early grown rock-garden plant. 6 in.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

TWO SWEET-SCENTED **GERANIUMS**

Rose Geranium. The old sweet-scented, Rose Geranium, not hardy outdoor in winter, 21/2 ft. Large, much-divided rose flowers. Grandmother leaves; frequently placed a leaf in the bottom of her glasses of apple jelly, thus imparting an additional flavor.

Lemon, Prince Rupert. The true finger bowl variety.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

GEUM-Avens

SUN-PART SHADE

Borisi. Large, vivid, orange-scarlet flowers on 8 to 10 inch stems. It blooms in May, June and off and on till fall, very hardy and a fine rock plant.

Fire Opal. An outstanding new Geum, with large, double, fiery, orange-scarlet flowers. Very hardy and free blooming. May to July. 18 to 24 in.

Wilton Ruby. A very hardy, new Geum with double scarlet-red flowers on 18 in. stems; blooms freely during June-July.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

GYPSOPHILA—Baby's-Beath

All Gyposophila prefer a sunny welldrained location.

Bristol Fairy. This indispensable cutflower belongs in every garden.

3-incb Pots - Each 75c, Three \$2.00

Repens Bodgeri Rosy Veil. A dwarf pink form treasured for the rock garden or the foreground of the perennial border. 15-18 in. Blooms all summer.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

COW MANURE

Fine, well rotted-\$1.50 per bu. Green-\$1.00 per bu. Per ton delivered-\$15.00

HELENIUM—Sneezewort

SUN

Moerheim Beauty. 2½ ft. A handsome and distinctive perennial with warm, glowing brown-red flowers from June to October. For best results divide the plants early every spring, replant the young shoots and discard the old plant. An excellent cutflower and makes grand show in the garden. Each 75c, Three \$2.00

Pumilum Magnificum. 18 to 24 in. Bright yellow flowers all summer. Excellent companion for Moerheim Beauty.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

HELLIANTHEMUM—Sun Rose

SUN-ROCK

These delightful low-spreading, shrubby like plants are indispensable in the rockgarden and foreground of the hardy border. They prefer a sunny well-drained location. Height is 6 to 8 inches and blooming season from late May to July. Very showy when in bloom and evergreen foliage the year around.

Double Yellow. Double blooms of citronyellow.

Fireball. Double; bright scarlet.

Rhodanthum Carneum. Pale pink flowers on silvery foliage are a pleasing combination.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

HELLEBORUS—Christmas Rose

PART SHADE

Niger. 1 ft. Single white blooms flushed with pink, on sturdy stems. A partly shaded location is best, and the soil should be enriched with equal parts of manure, leaf-mold, sand, and a good loam. Watering is essential during dry periods in summer months. This hardy perennial will arouse great interest wherever it is planted. December to March.

3-inch Pot — Each 51.50. Three \$4.00

Orientalis Atropurpurea. A new red Lenten
Rose producing crimson-purple flowers,
from February to April Fasy and strong

from February to April. Easy and strong growing variety. Many blooms on 12 to 15 inch stems. *Each \$1.25, Three \$3.50*

PEAT MOSS

Fine for Mulching all Your Beds and Plants

\$1.00 per Bushel \$5.45 per Bale (approximately 17 bu.) HEMEROCALLIS Daylily SUN-PART SHADE

The hybridizers have wrought wonders with the old-fashioned Daylily. The improvements include a wider color-range, an extended period of bloom, larger flowers, and sturdier plants. What is more, Hemerocallis are amazing in their adaptability; they are extremely hardy and will thrive under the most ordinary conditions blooming in full sun or partial shade. Their vigor is especially evident in dry seasons and insect pests have little effect on them.

Clarinda. Empire yellow, 3 ft. Late midseason. Flowers 5½ inches across.

Emily Dickinson. Straw yellow, 3½ ft. Early midseason. Flowers 5 inches across.

Golden Triangle. Lemon yellow, 32/3 ft. Midseason. Flowers 6 inches across.

Lemon Tulip. Lemon yellow, $3\frac{2}{3}$ ft. Late midseason. Flowers $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches across.

Mary Henry. Barium yellow, 3½ ft. Midseason. Flowers 4 to 5 inches across.

Mitra. Orange, 3 ft. Midseason. Flowers $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches across.

Papagaio. Dutch vermilion, 3 ft. Late midseason. Flowers $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches across.

Purity. Lemon yellow, 3 ft. Late midseason. Flowers 5½ inches across.

Reinbeck. Barium yellow, 4 ft. Late midseason. Flowers 6 inches across.

Saffron Queen. Saffron yellow, 3 ft. Midseason. Flowers 4½ inches across.

Each \$1.00, Three \$2.50

HELIOPSIS—

SUN

Patula. New variety. 3 ft. A showy and useful perennial for summer bloom; large double daisy-like, golden yellow flowers all summer.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

HEUCHERA- SUN-PART SHADE-ROCK

Light soil and full sun suit them best, but they will make an admirable show in partial shade. Blooming season from late May through July.

Garnet. A very choice variety with deep coral-pink flowers, produced freely on 15- to 18-in. stems. June and July.

Rosmondi. 15 to 18 in. Delicate pink. Neat habit of growth.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

HIBISCUS—Rose Mallow

SUN

The 5-foot, shrub-like plants are particularly spectacular, with an abundance of large single hollyhock-shaped flowers, measuring 4 to 6 inches across in late summer. Mixed colors only.

Each 55c, Three \$1.50

LIATRIS-Gayfeather

SUN

Pycnostachya. 4 ft. The tall spikes of rich purple are outstanding in the summer garden; July and August.

Scariosa, Sept. Glory. This showy, spirelike perennial is always admired for its distinctive form and color.

White Spire. The white form of the above.

Spicata. 3 ft. Similar to Pycnostachya but earlier to bloom.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

LYCHNIS—Campion

SU

Chalcedonica. Bright scarlet-red flower. Very showy during June. 2 feet high.

Viscaria Splendens. 15 in. Very showy purplish-pink flowers. June.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

LYTHRUM-Purple Loosestrife SUN-PART SHADE

Moden's Pink. 2 to 2½ ft. Masses of rosepink flowers on narrow spikes. Profuse and continuous bloomer; June to Sept. Excellent for cutting. A hardy variety growing in full sun or partial shade.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

Robert. New. Clearpink.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

MARJORAM-

SUN-PART SHADE

Pot Marjoram. Reddish branching plant with small clusters of pinkish flowers. Leaves are used for flavoring meat dishes and starchy food.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

MONARDA—Bergamot SUN-PART SHADE
Two new Bergamots of unusual loveliness, showy in the garden, excellent as cutflower; bloom in summer when color in garden is needed most.

Croftway Pink. Clear pink flowers produced on 3 to 4 ft. stems during July and August.

Sunset. A most attractive color of brilliant deep wine-red. 3 to 4 ft. July and August.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

MYOSOTIS—Forget-Me-Not

CHAP

Palustris Semperflorens. 8 in. Bright blue. ideal for moist shady places, for your rock garden or border. Blooms all summer.

Each 55c, Three \$1.50

NEPETA—Catmint

SUN-PART SHADE

Mussini. 12 in. Deep blue flowers and grayish foliage make a pleasing combination.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

HOLLYHOCK-Althaea Rosea

01111

Double Pink, White, Red, Yellow, and Mixed. Each 55c, Three \$1.50

IBERIS—Candytuft

SUN-ROCK

Little Gem. A dwarf and very compact form. Each 60c, Three \$1.65

Purity-Castus. A hardy new Candytuft of merit. The large, attractive flowers are pure white. Very free bloomers and compact grower only 6 inches high. Comes into bloom in late April and May. Truly a gem for the rock garden and an excellent low border plant for edging.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

Sempervirens. Splendid border or rock plant; evergreen bushes covered with white flowers in early spring.

Each 55c, Three \$1.50

Snowflake. Large pure white flowers. We offer the true stock propagated from cuttings. The best variety for foliage effect as edging plant.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

BEARDED IRIS-Iris Germanica

SUN

Ambassadeur. 3 ft. Rich deep-freeze blends.

Autumn Elf. 11/2 ft. Cream and lilac.

Autumn Haze. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Lavender to hyssop. Black Magic. 2 ft. Deep violet-blue. Free

blooming.

Change 2 ft large deep violet-blue. Free

Chysoro. 2 ft. Large deep yellow. Early blooming.

Dauntless. 2 ft. Red self. Deep rose-red, velvety falls.

Depute Nombolt. 3 ft. Rosy-purple with bronze golden beard.

Imperial Blush. 3 ft. Silvery lilac with pinklemon beard.

Mary Geodes. 2½ ft. Pink overlaid with Pompeian red.

Noweta. 2½ ft. Creamy pink, fringy. Very popular.

Nylon. 2½ ft. Blend of rose-beige, with tan, buff and lavender tints.

Each SOc, Three \$1.25

LAVANDULA-Lavender

SUN-PART SHADE

Lavandula Vera. Carroll's Variety. Very best we have seen so far. Very hardy and bushy, compact in growth, free blooming. Deep lavender purple flowers are freely produced on 12- to 15-inch stems during June and July. Height about 18 inches. Silvery gray evergreen foliage the year around. Excellent plant for group or single speciman in perennial border. Outstanding as an edging plant for sunny places.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

Peonies

Often called the King of Perennials, the Peony is well-known and loved for its beauty, dependability and hardiness.

We are pleased to offer an exceptionally fine list of both double and single Peonies in the best varieties which also make excellent cutflowers. You will note that we do not list any varieties with a rating of less than 8.6 according to the standard of the Peony Society of America and Canada. Considering that 10 is perfect, you may be assured that our list represents the cream of the crop.

Culture of Peonies is comparatively easy. Be sure to have not more than 2 inches of soil above the crown. Peonies will not bloom if planted too deep.

Feeding time: Late summer or fall. Give them a liberal handful of farm manure, or 5-10-5 fertilizer per plant, mixed well into the soil. A small handful of lime will greatly benefit your Peonies.

But if you should have forgotten to do so, it is better and do not hesitate—to apply this plant food in the winter.

DOUBLE PEONIES PEONY SINENSIS

Festiva Maxima. 9.3. Fine double, flecked with crimson. Excellent for cutting.

Potted — Each \$1.50, Three \$4.00

Sarah Bernhardt. 9.0. Deep rose-pink, silver tipped. Fragrant. Free bloomer. Fine late cutflower.

Potted — Each \$1.50, Three \$4.00

Therese. 9.8. Very large, pale translucent old-rose pink.

Potted — Each \$1.50, Three \$4.00

Madam Gaudichau. Brilliant Crimson.

Posted — Each \$1.50, Three \$4.00

By-Color. Pink, red, white.

Potted — Each \$1.25, Three \$3.50

Baroness Schroeder. 9.0. Blush turning to purest white; fragrant.

Potted - Each \$1.10, Three \$3.00

Primevere. 8.6. Light creamy yellow.

Potted — Each \$1.50, Three \$4.00

Living Jence

MULTIFLOWER ROSE \$12.00 per 100

These make a large fine hedge to be used for a screen or also good to keep out stray pets.

PENSTEMON-Beard-Tongue

Firebird-Cherry Glow. 2 ft. An outstanding new introduction to add color to summer gardens. The individual ruby-crimson blooms are unusually large and the long spikes of bloom are especially attractive in bouquets.

Garnet. 18 in. The graceful stems hold loosely arranged garnet blooms. June-Sept.

Rose Elf. An outstanding new hardy Penstemon, of the Barbatus type, produces masses of blooms on 2 to 3 ft. stems. Blooms in June and July. The color is a lovely coral pink. An excellent cut flower, and makes grand show in the garden.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

SUN

HARDY SUMMER PHLOX- SUN-PART SHADE

Augusta. Pat. 252. 2½ ft. American Beauty Red. Each 75c, Three \$2.00

Border Queen. Dwarf, watermelon pink. Each 60c, Three \$1.65

Caroline Vandenburg. A popular lavender-blue. Each 60c, Three \$1.65

Charles Curtis. 21/2 ft. Sunset red.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

Count Zepplin. Beautiful white with crimson center. Each 75c, Three \$2.00

Daily Sketch. 2½ to 3 ft. Salmon pink florets marked with crimson. Midseason. Each 60c, Three \$1.65

E. I. Farrington. 3 ft. Salmon pink. Midseason. Each 60c, Three \$1.65

Fairy King. 2 ft. Large rounded heads of soft lavender. Resistant to the usual Phlox diseases. Each 60c, Three \$1.65

Leo Schlageter. 2½ ft. Scarlet red with an orange cast. Midseason.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

Mia Ruys. 1½ ft. Dwarf, pure white. Midseason. Good companion to Border Queen. These two varieties are the finest true border Phlox.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

Miss Lingard. 2½ to 3 ft. White flowers delightful for cutting. Very early.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

Prime Minister. White with very prominent pink center. Healthy, vigorous grower. Midseason. *Each 60c, Three \$1.65*

Red Bird. An outstanding novelty. Fiery brilliant red flower. Most attractive. Medium height. Each 60c, Three \$1.65

HARDY SUMMER PHLOX (continued)

Ruby Lee. 2 ft. Extra large plum-red flowers. Healthy vigorous growth; medium height.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

Salmon Beauty-Eve Forster. 2 ft. Salmon pink, accentuated with white eyes.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

San Antonio. 2½ ft. One of the most beautiful phlox. Carmine s h a d e d, plummed, the heads and individual flowers are very large; do try it.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65 All Phlox Potted — Doz. \$5.00

PHLOX SUBULATA-

Alba. White. Each 35c, Three \$1.00

Atropurpurea. A very showy brilliant red. Each 35c, Three \$1.00

Blue Emerald Cushion. Strong, vigorous grower, attractive deep green foliage with lavender-blue flowers.

Each 35c, Three \$1.00

Blue Hill. An outstanding lavender-blue variety. *Each 55c, Three \$1.50*

Dixie Brilliant. A splendid novelty with large rosy-red flowers the size of a half dollar.

Each 50c, Three \$1.35

Phlox Divaricata. Star shaped, lavenderblue flowers. This is a much improved strain of this popular native blue Phlox. Sun or shade. Each 60c, Three \$1.65

SUN-PART SHADE

PHYSOSTEGIA—False Dragonhead

Rosy Spire. 3½ ft. Showy spikes of deep rosy crimson bloom. September.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

PLATYCODON—Balloon Flower

Grandiflorum Mariesi. 18 in. A useful kind for the foreground of the border.

Grandiflorum Mariesi Album. A whiteflowering perennial that is hard to beat.

Each 55c, Three \$1.50

TWO NEW PLATYCODONS---

Double Blue. Showy and unusual double flowers on two foot stems.

Double White. A lovely white form.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

PLUMBAGO-Leadwort

SUN-PART SHADE

Larpentae. 12 in. Rich foliage and deep blue flowers in late summer; useful for sunny or shady groundcovers or for the rock garden. July to Sept.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

Poppies

SUN-PART SHADE

PAPAVER ORIENTALE—Oriental Poppy

Red, Pink, White and Dark Crimson. Our stock of the newer improved varieties was never better. Interest in poppies is steadily growing each year. Strong transplanted field grown plants.

Beauty of Livermore. Deep crimson.

Cavalier. Crinkly scarlet red.

Flesh. Pink.

Giant. Flame.

Giant Salmon.

Joyce. Soft red, charming.

Lula A. Neeley. Brilliant oxblood red.

Mrs. Perry. Salmon rose.

Orange Perfection. Flame colored.

Orientalis. Red.

Potted in Cloverset Pots Each 75c, Three \$2.00

NEW SUPER GIANT POPPY

MARCUS PERRY—This sensational new variety offers enormous blooms 8 to 10 inches across, that will not droop, on stiff, sturdy stems only 18 inches high. It is a strong grower, perfectly hardy and of easy culture. The color is a most brilliant orange-scarlet.

Each \$1.25, Three \$3.50

POLYANTHUS—Veris Polyanthus

Munstead Giant Strain, Finest Mixed.

Many brilliant colors. Ideal springblooming plants for shady, moist places.
Field grown.

New Giant Polyanthus — Colassal Strain.

Polyantha veris hybrids of immense size; florets often as large as a silver dollar, in heads 4-8 in. across. Color range most varied with many rare shades exclusive to this variety. Hardy anywhere with light protection and more suitable to varied culture conditions than older types.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

POTENTILLA—Cinquefoil

Tonquei. One of the finest wall or rock plants, in bloom continuously from June to frost, the long trailing branches making lovely display with orange-apricot blooms with an orange-red center. Plant in well drained, rather poor soil in full sun.

Potted — Each 60c, Three \$1.65

PRIMULA—Hardy Primrose; Cowslip

All primulas are best planted in fairly rich, moist soil and shade; however, many varieties of the Veris and Julia type will get along nicely in full sun, if watered often during summer months. Most all Primula offered are in 3-inch pots.

Acaule, New Giant-Flowering. 4 in. A splendid strain with large flowers of many different shades and colors.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

Denticulata-Cashemiriana. Beautiful and distinct Primrose. Each 75c, Three \$2.00

PULMONARIA-Lungwort

SHADE

In moist soil they are especially happy but they can be depended upon for almost any part of the garden that is not too dry. The plant is a source of perpetual interest. In the spring there are the Mertensia-like blooms and throughout the growing season the foliage is attractive.

Augustifolia Azurea. Bears racemes of sky-blue flowers that are very attractive. Since the flower grows less than a foot high, it makes a good ground cover, especially in damp, shady places. April, May.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

Saccharata Mrs. Moon. 6 in. Green and silver spotted foliage; lovely pink and blue flowers in early spring.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

PYRETHRUM—Painted Daisy SUN-PART SHADE New and Better Varieties.

Pyrethrums are special favorites with us because of their simple beauty of form, their wide use as cut flowers, and their attractive appearance in the garden. Height 18 to 24 inches.

Brilliant. Red; almost double blooms.

Eileen May Robinson. Single, lustrous pink flowers 4 to 5 inches across, on 30-inch stems.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

ROSEMARY-

SUN-PART SHADE

Rosmarinum Officinalis. Tender perennial, but can be wintered indoors in the window garden. This indispensable herb has narrow, dark green leaves, gray beneath, of a sweet spicy fragrance. The leaves are delicious added to sandwich fillings and soups.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

RUDBECKIA---Coneflower

SUN

Golden Storm. An outstanding imported novelty. Golden yellow daisy-like flowers, with black centers. Blooms nearly all summer. 15 to 18 inches high. Easily grown in any kind of soil.

Purpurea, The King. Large, star-like, crimson-red flowers borne on stiff, 4- to 5foot stems. Easily grown.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

SANTOLINA—Lavender Cotton

SUN-ROCK

Incona. Evergreen silvery foliage, buttonlike yellow flowers in June. 12 in. A fine edging plant.

Veridis. Similar in growth to Incana but with bright dark green foliage, Creamyellow flowers in the summer.

Each 55c, Three \$1.50

SAPONARIA—Soapwort

SUN-ROCK

Ocymoides Splendens. The dense masses of pink flowers which appear in late spring add color to the rock garden.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

SCABIOSA—Hardy Scabiosa

SUI

Caucasica, Giant Hybrids. The hardy perennial Scabiosa. 2 ft. Lavender-blue flowers add interest to a mixed bouquet, or used alone make stunning arrangements. They always attract attention and are seldom out of blooms during summer months. Each 60c. Three \$1.65

SEDUM-Stonecrop

SUN-ROCK

Siebold. Curious in form, foliage and flower.

Spectabile, Brilliant. 18 in. A common but worthwhile perennial with large, flat heads of brilliant red flowers in September.

Spurium, Dragon's Blood. Bright carminered flowers appear above bronzy red foliage from July to September, creating charming contrasts. An excellent plant for the wall or rock garden.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

SHASTA DAISY—Chrysanthemum Maximum

The Shasta Daisies are among the most desirable of all cut flower material, and easily grown. The long-stemmed flowers are long lasting when cut. They are all nice clean whites that are unusually useful to work in with other flowers in bouquets and decorations. We offer here the finest of the newer varieties.

Edgebrook Giant. A new giant single, wellformed flower of very large size. 18inch stiff, straight stems, early summer on.

SHASTA DAISY (continued)

Majestic. Large white flowers, 5 to 6 inches across, with a small yellow center, produced intermittently throughout the summer. Petals are straight overlapping, and do not droop; stems are stiff and stand up well. Easily grown; withstands adverse conditions. By far the finest single Shasta Dalsy. 18 to 24 inches.

Marconi. A novelty with extra-large, double flowers about 5 inches across. 2 to 3 ft. All summer.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

SPIREA-See Astilbe

STATICE—Sea Lavender

SUN

Latifolia. Immense heads of purple lavender flowers during July and August. 18 to 24 inches. Each 55c, Three \$1.50

STOKESIA-Stokes-Aster

SUN

Blue Moon. Very striking color. A new giant flowering Stokes-Aster. Extra large light lavender-blue flowers.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

TEUCRIUM CHAMAEDRYS- SUN-ROCK

Germander. 12 in. An excellent edging plant for your herb garden. Can be clipped like boxwood. Dark, glossy, closely set leaves; rose flowers.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

THYMUS—Thyme SUN-PART SHADE—ROCK Thyme, in its many forms, is one of those universally loved, fragrant plants. Some varieties are shrubbery, woody types, while others are low growing and creeping. All are interesting for various garden uses, as noted. All varieties do best in well-drained, sandy soil in full

Caraway-scented-T. herba-barona. 4 in.
Trailing type, useful for flavoring beef dishes.

Common-T. vulgaris. 12 in. Upright, somewhat spreading habit of growth; narrow leaves and purplish flowers. The most widely used Thyme for flavoring poultry dressing.

Crimson-T. Serpyllum coccineus. 4 in.
Prostrate, creeping habit of growth;
crimson flowers. Used in wall plantings,
rock gardens, and in the crevices of
stone walks. Dark green foliage.

Lemon-T. citriodorus. 6 in. Blue-green leaves with a distinct lemon fragrance and flavor.

Lemon, Silver-edged Variegated. Similar to T. citriodorus, but the slightly small leaves are margined with silver.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

NEW TRADESCANTIAS-

Ideal plants for shady locations. Height 15 to 20 inches.

Blue Stone. Low-growing. Large, rich blue flowers. Each 60k, Three \$1.65

James Crawford Weguelin. 18 in. Large flowers of a uniform light azure-blue. Very pleasing. 'Each 75c, Three \$2.00

TRITOMA-Red-Hot Poker

These striking spire-like blooms make effective accents in the perennial border and are charming in flower arrangements. Plant in a well-drained, sunny place and give the plants a light mulch of excelsior or any other suitable material for winter protection.

Glow. 18 in. Very graceful. Produces many coral-red blooms in June. Small, graceful foliage.

Golden Scepter. 3 ft. Hardy, vigorous variety with saffron-yellow spikes during late June and early July. Beautiful planted with light blue delphiniums.

Primrose Beauty. Beautifully formed spikes of clean primrose-yellow stand over 3 feet tall. Blooms in late summer and has been surprisingly hardy.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

VERBENA-Hardy Verbena

Flame. Of a creeping habit and belonging to the Chamaedryfolia group therefore not dependably hardy in cold sections. It can be wintered in the cold frame or greenhouse. Beautiful plant, covered with brilliant rose-scarlet blooms from spring to heavy frost in fall.

3-incb Pots - Each 75c, Three \$2.00

VERONICA—Speedwell

SUN-PART SHADE-ROCK

Incana. 12 in. Silver-gray foliage. Deep blue flowers in June.

Each 55c, Three \$1.50

Longifolia Subsesslis. Charming summerblooming hardy plant that deserves a place in every garden, large or small. Beautiful blue flowers 18- to 24-inch spikes. July to September.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

VINCA-Periwinkle

Minor, Bowles Variety. Glossy green foliage. Large, deep blue flowers, an ideal plant for covering banks in shady places. Each 60c, Three \$1.65

VIOLA-

SUN-PART SHADE

Purple Glory. The attractive large rich purple flowers are freely produced from early spring to fall. Plants rather compact in growth. One of the easiest violas to grow.

Potted - Each 75c, Three \$2.00

VIOLA ODORATA-Sweet Violet SUN-PART SHADE

Blue Giant. A novelty violet. Good companion to the already well-known Royal Robe. Large blue flowers on long stems; sturdy grower and blooms freely spring and fall; sweet scented.

Each 75c, Three \$2.00

Royal Robe. A distinct addition to the violet family that deserves a place in the shady rock garden and as a ground cover.

Each 60c, Three \$1.65

OUR LANDSCAPE SERVICE

is staffed with highly skilled personnel and completely equipped with modern machinery to efficiently take care of your lawn requirements including

LAWN RENOVATION — TOP DRESSING SEEDING — SODDING — ETC.

We will be glad to have our representative call and give you an estimate on any service we can perform for you in beautifying the environs of your home.

PRICES FOR DELIVERY OF

FIRST CLASS BLUE GRASS SOD

1 to 10 yds....\$1.00 yd. 25 to 50 yds...\$.60 yd. 100 - 150 yds...\$.40 yd. 10 to 25 yds..... .80 yd. 50 to 100 yds... .50 yd. 150 yds. up...... .30 yd.

Estimates for laying sod furnished upon request.

Hardy Garden Lilies - - -

PLANT A FEW HARDY LILIES—SUN OR PARTIAL SHADE

They require little care, and the stateliness of their blossoms will make a regular show place out of your garden. Plant the bulbs approximately six inches deep in well-drained sandy soil, either in full sun or partial shade.

- AURATUM. Twenty or more hugh trumpet flowers; hardy and stately. White spotted red, with bright yellow band on each petal. 3 to 6 ft. August.

 Each \$1.10, Three \$3.00
- ESTATE. A magnificent new lily for midsummer blooming. Extra large pure white flowers are freely produced on 4-ft. stems. We know you will be very pleased with it. Each \$1.10, Three \$3.00

REGALE. Gorgeous, bell-shaped, white flowers with a touch of canary-yellow in the throat and a shading of lilac-pink on the outside. July. One of the most beautiful and easy cultured lilies.

Each 65c, Three \$1.75

SPECIOSUM ALBUM. Beautiful, snow-white with a golden green stripe through the center of each petal, and others of a coppery tint. Alike in the form of the flower and in the way of growing, this lily is one of the most beautiful we have.

Each \$1.10, Three \$3.00

SPECIOSUM RUBRUM. Frost white, suffused, rose-pink and spotted crimson.
August and September.

Each \$1.10, Three \$3.00

- TIGRINUM FL. PL. Double Tiger Lily. Late summer. 4 to 5 ft. Each 65c, Three \$1.75
- UMBELLATUM Candlestick Lily. These upright blooming varieties are the easiest of culture in the garden. Light orange-red flowers. June, July.

 Each 65c, Three \$1.75

MADONNA LILIES—For late August delivery.

Lilium Candidum. Fragrant, snow-white flowers on stout stems 4 feet tall in June. Can be planted only in the fall, preferably September. Large blooming-size bulbs. Each 60c, Three \$1.65, Six \$3.00

New Cascade Strain. This new hybrid strain is disease free, with straight long stems and large flowers of unusual texture and perfect form. Plant in well-drained soil, only about an inch deep.

Each 75c, Three \$1.75, Six \$3.25

Statement on Discounts from List Prices

Because of repeated requests by non-garden club groups and other organizations for the same discount privileges formerly given under certain circumstances to Garden Club members, the following shall be our policy effective now and in the future.

All individuals, groups, and organizations are entitled to the same privileges.

Therefore no discounts will be given because of membership in any group, club, or organization.

It shall remain our purpose to pass on to our customers any savings made by reason of their unusual requirements of quantity or service.

Imported Holland Bulbs - - -

Miscellaneous Bulbs

CROCUS

Blue Purple White Yellow

Striped

Doz. 55c, 50 \$1.85, 100 \$3.50

ANEMONE-Various colors.

Doz. 60c, 100 \$4.25

CHIONODOXA LUCILIAEA — Glory of the Snow. Plant in masses. Porcelain blue, white center. Doz. 45c, 50 \$1.65, 100 \$3.50

GALANTHUS NIVALIS—Snowdrops. Loveliest of all spring flowering bulbs.

Doz. 65c, 50 \$2.50

MUSCARI ARMENIACUM — Grape Hyacinths. Early giant. Fragrant. Cobalt blue. Doz. 45, 50 \$1.65, 100 \$3.00

SCILLA CAMPANULATA—Spanish Bluebell.
Blue, Pink, White.

Doz. 45c, 50 \$1.65, 100 \$3.00

SCILLA SIBIRICA. Blue Doz. 65c, 50 \$2.50

Narcissus

CHEERFULNESS — (Poetaz). Medium size.

Double creamy white. Late.

FORTUNE—Large. Perianth deep yellow. Trumpet shaped orange cup. Early.

GERANIUM—(Poetaz). Large. Perianth pure white. Cup deep orange-red. Meduim late.

INGLESCOMBE — (Double), Medium large. Yellow. Medium late.

LaRIANTE—Medium size. Perianth white. Cup deep red. Medium early.

ORANGE GLOW—Large. Perianth yellow. Large pale orange cup. Medium early.

ST. AGNES—(Poetaz). Medium large. Perianth creamy-white. Cup bright orange. Medium early.

SCARLET ELEGANCE—Medium size. Perianth deep yellow. Cup deep orangered. Medium early.

SCARLET GEM—(Poetaz). Medium size. Perianth deep golden-yellow. Cup brilliant red.

TEXAS—(Double). Large. Yellow and fiery-orange. Medium early.

TUNIS—Large. Perianth white. Large yellow cup flushed coppery gold.

Doz. \$1.50, 100 \$11.00

Dutch Iris

GOLDEN HARVEST—Golden yellow. Large flower. Early.

H. C. V. VLIET—Violet blue, orange striped. IMPERATOR—Blue. Extra large.

WEDGEWOOD—Clear blue, tall. Early.

WHITE EXCELSIOR — Best white, good forcer.

Doz. 85c, 50 \$3.25

Daffodils

GOLDEN HARVEST—Yellow trumpet. Very large. Golden yellow, Flower of fine form. Early.

KING ALFRED—Yellow trumpet. Medium large. Golden-yellow. Medium early.

MAGNIFICENCE—Yellow trumpet. Medium size. Very early.

ROBIN HOOD—Yellow trumpet, Medium size. Perianth yellow, Trumpet orange-yellow,

Doz. \$1..50, 100 \$11.00

SPRING GLORY—Bicolor trumpet. Medium size. Perianth white. Medium early.

Doz. \$1.50, 100 \$11.00

MRS. R. O. BACKHOUSE—Medium size.

Perianth creamy white. Small trumpetshaped cup of pale apricot, passing
to pink.

BEERSHEBA—White trumpet. Large. Pure white of exceptionally fine form.

Doz. \$3.00, 100 \$25.00

Tulips

DARWIN AND NEW IDEAL DARWIN TULIPS

THE ARISTOCRATS OF TULIPDOM

Large May flowering, Tall growing—colors. Good for exhibition, formal beds and perennial borders.

BARTIGON—Cochineal-red. Medium large. CAMPFIRE—Blood-red.

INSURPASSABLE-Lilac.

LA TULIPE NOIRE—(The Black Tulip). Very large.

NIPHETOS—Lemon - yellow, creamy white outside.

PHILIP SNOWDAN—Light carmine rose.

PRIDE OF HAARLEM-Rose with purple.

PRIDE OF ZWANENBURG-Salmon ink.

PRINCESS ELIZABETH — Rose. Medium large.

QUEEN OF THE NIGHT-Fine black.

THE BISHOP-Good sky-blue.

ZWANENBURG-Erect pure white.

Six 65c, Doz. \$1.25, 50 \$4.75, 100 \$8.75

BREEDER TULIPS

Largest flowers, giant cups or brilliant colors, outside often blended; blooming midto late-May. Good for mixed perennial borders.

DILLENBURG—Orange, edged Apricot.

LOUIS XIV—Bluish violet, flushed bronze.

TANTALUS—Dull yellow, flushed pale purple and lilac.

Six 65c, Doz. \$1.25, 50 \$4.75, 100 \$8.75

SINGLE EARLY TULIPS

BRILLIANT STAR—Medium large. Scarlet.

CROWN IMPERIAL—Medium large. Brownish red, edged yellow.

IBUS—Deep rose.

PRIDE OF AUSTRIA—Large. Orange scarlet.

SUNBURST—Large flower. Yellow, flushed red.

Six 65c, Doz. \$1.25, 50 \$4.75, 100 \$8.75

DOUBLE EARLY TULIPS

MARECHAL NIEL—Yellow, flushed orange.

PEACH BLOSSOM—Deep rose.

Six 65c, Doz. \$1.25, 50 \$4.75, 100 \$8.75

COTTAGE TULIPS

Stems as stiff and tall as the Darwin and Breeder Tulips. Very good for border planting and cut flowers. May.

ADVANCE—Very large. Scarlet, outside cerise.

CARRARA---Medium large. White.

GOLDEN HARVEST—Large. Lemon yellow.

MARSHALL HAIG—Medium large. Brilliant scarlet.

MRS. JOHN SCHEEPERS—Very large. Light canary-yellow.

OSSI OSWALDA—Medium size. Creamy white, flushed rose.

PERSEUS-Medium large. Orange red.

WALL STREET—Medium large. Lemon-yellow.

Six 65c, Doz. \$1.25, 50 \$4.75, 100 \$8.75

TRIUMPH TULIPS

The result of a crossing between single early and Darwin Tulips. Bloom earlier than Darwins. Medium height.

ALBERIO—Large. Cherry red, edged yellow.

AVIATOR—Medium large. Deep carminered, edged white.

BANDOENG. Medium large. Dark mahoganyred, flushed orange, edged yellow.

DENBOLA — Large. Deep amaranth-red, edged creamy white.

EDITH EDDY-Large. Carmine-red.

ELIZABETH—Large. Lilac-rose, light base. **KANSAS**—Medium large. White.

PRINCESS BEATRIX—Scarlet, edged orange.
RHINELAND — Medium large. Crimson, edged yellow.

TELESCOPIUM-Reddish violet.

Six 85c, Doz. \$1.60, 50 \$6.25, 100 12.00

MENDEL TULIPS

HER GRACE—Large. White, edged deep lilac-rose.

JOHN GAY—Medium large. Orange red.

WHITE SAIL—Creamy, passing to pure white.

Six 65c, Dox. \$1.25, 50 \$4.75, 100 \$8.75

DOUBLE LATE TRIUMPH TULIPS

COXA—Carmine, shaded vermillion, with light edge.

EROS-Large. Distinct old rose.

MOUNT TACOMA—Large. Pure white. Six 65c, Doz. \$1.25, 50 \$4.75, 100 \$8.75

(continued on next page)

Tulips (CONTINUED)

PARROT TULIPS

Strikingly interesting blossoms—Late. **BLUE PARROT**—Very large. Bluish heliotrope.

FANTASY-Large. Salmon-pink.

ORANGE FAVORITE—Large. Orange with green blotches and yellow base.

Six 65c, Doz. \$1.25, 50 \$4.75, 100 \$8.75

PARROT NOVELTIES:

Red Champion—Large. Cochineal-red.

Sunshine—Large. Golden yellow.

Therese—Very large. Cochineal-red.

Violet Queen—Large. Bluish violet.

Six 85c, Doz. \$1.60, 50 \$6.25, 100 12.00

MOST OUTSTANDING TULIP

RED EMPEROR or Mme. LeFeber—Positively the most beautiful large tulip. Glowing scarlet in scintillating tones, base yellowish with large black center. A botanical tulip (Fosteriana) growing 20 inches high.

Six 85c, Doz. \$1.60, 50 \$6.25, 100 \$9.80

SPECIES or BOTANICAL TULIPS

CLUSIANA (The Lady Tulip)—White, exterior crimson, Small flower.

EICHLERI—Crimson-scarlet, yellow and black center.

FOSTERIANA RED EMPEROR — Most beautiful large glowing red tulip.

KAUFMANNIANA (The Waterlily Tulip).
White and yellow, pink outside.
Large. The earliest of all.

Six 85c, Doz. \$1.60, 50 \$6.25, 100 \$12.00

Hyacinths

BISMARCK—Light blue.
CITY OF HAARLEM—Lemon yellow.
GRAND MAITRE—Deep lavender blue.
JAN BOS—Carmine Red. Early.
L'INNOCENCE—White.
PINK PEARL—Rose. Early.
QUEEN OF THE PINKS—Rosy red.

Doz. \$1.50, 50 \$5.75, 100 \$11.00

Summer Blooming Bulbs

TUBEROUS-Rooted Begonia. Finest strains. Among the very showiest of flowers, blooming from summer to fall. Any good light soil with plenty of humus, in partial to fairly shaded location, will grow good Begonias. Mix a liberal amount of woods dirt, well rotted manure compost, or peat moss to make your soil light in texture. Water often They may be during dry season, grown in window-boxes or large pots on shaded porches, or in any good selected spot in the garden which is fairly well shaded and away from roots of nearby trees that would rob all its moisture and food away from them. Tuberous Begonia blooms are ideal cutflowers, particularly to float in water.

Top-size bulbs all at same prices. Each color and type, labeled and packed separately.

Potted - Each \$1.50, Three \$4.00

AMARYLLIS—Mammoth Royal Dutch Hybrids.

This is the finest strain available. The flowers are superbly shaped and of mammoth size. Only a very limited number of this genuine type is available.

Royal Dark Red Shades. Each \$4.00
Royal Pink and Rose Shades. Each \$4.00
Royal White with Pink Stripes. Each \$4.00

Royal Pure White. Each \$6.00
Giant California Hybrids—Mixed shades.

Each \$1.00, Three \$2.75

Store and Nursery Hours

Open 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Weekdays and Sunday

Closed Sunday during January — February July — August

The Best in Roses

The finest in quality and varieties. No. 1 field grown plants. Quantities limited due to freezing weather.

All our roses are potted in Clover Set pots and can be planted all summer.

+++

HYBRID TEA ROSES

APPLAUSE—Pat. 829—Dazzling light red. **AUTUMN**—Burnt-orange.

BETTER TIMES—Pat. 23—Brilliant cerise.
BRIARCLIFF—Pink.

CAPISTRANO—(New).—Pat. Pend. — Deep glowing rose-pink.

CHARLOTTE ARMSTRONG — Pat. 455 — Cerise.

CHRISTOPHER STONE—Bright scarlet-red.

CONDESA DE SASTAGO—Orange-scarlet and yellow.

COUNTESS VANDAL — Pat. 38 — Salmonpink to copper and gold.

CRIMSON GLORY—Pat. 105.—Deep crimson-red.

DIAMOND JUBILEE — Pat. 824 — Bufforange.

DUQUESA DE PENARANDA — Orange to pink.

E. G. HILL-Dark red.

ECLIPSE—Pat. 172—Long yellow buds.

EDITOR McFARLAND—Brilliant pink.

ETOILE DE HOLLANDE—Crimson-red.

F. K. BRESCHKI--Pure white.

FORTY-NINER — Pat. 792 — Rich chromeyellow and red.

GOLDEN DAWN—Full double; lemon-yellow.

HINRICH GAEDE—Crimson-orange.

HORACE McFARLAND—Pat. 730—Apricotpink.

JOANNA HILL—Cream-yellow, orange center.

KAISERIN AUGUSTE VIKTORIA—A popular white.

KATHERINE T. MARSHALL — Pat. 607 — Coral-pink suffused yellow.

LADY MARGARET STEWART—Dark pink.

LOWELL THOMAS — Pat. 595 — Lemonchrome-yellow. MARGARET McGREDY-Turkish red.

McGREDY'S IVORY—Ivory-white.

McGREDY'S YELLOW-Buttercup-yellow.

MIRANDY-Pat. 632-Maroon-red.

MISS ROSENA THOM-Deep pink.

MISSION BELLS—Pat. Pend.—Deep salmon-pink.

MRS. P. S. DuPONT—Golden yellow.

MRS. SAM McGREDY—Coppery orange.

NEW YORKER—Pat. 823—Velvety scarlet.

NIGGER BOY-Dark red.

NOCTURNE-Pat. 713-Deep red.

NUMA FOY-Orange.

PEACE—Pat. 591—Everybody's favorite yellow rose.

PICTURE-Warm pink.

POINSETTIA-Bright rich scarlet.

PRES. HERBERT HOOVER—Scarlet and yellow.

RADIANCE-Popular pink.

RED RADIANCE-Rose-red.

REX ANDERSON-Bright red.

ROSE OF FREEDOM----White.

SAN FERNANDO—Pat. 785—Brilliant scarlet.

SUTTER'S GOLD — (New) — Pat. Pend. — Bright yellow shaded orange.

TAFFETA — Pat. 716 — Rose pink, salmon and apricot.

TALISMAN---Gold, scarlet and yellow.

TALLYHO-Pot. 828—Crimson-pink.

THE DOCTOR—Very large; clear pink.

YELLOW SASTAGO-Dark yellow.

Standard Varieties

Each \$1.75, Six \$ 9.00, Doz. \$15.00

Patented Varieties

Each \$2.50, Six \$15.00, Doz. \$25.00

(continued on next page)

Roses (CONTINUED)

FLORIBUNDA or POLYANTHA ROSES

BETTY PRIOR-Pat. 340-Carmine-pink.

BETTY UPRICHARD-Deep pink.

BRIGHT WINGS-Bright red.

CHATTER—Pat. 739—Clusters of deep red flowers.

FASHION—(New)—Pat. 789—Coral-pink.

FLORADORA—Bright pinkish orange.

GOLDEN SALMON-Salmon.

GOLDILOCKS-Pat. 672-Golden yellow.

IDEAL-Pink.

LAFAYETTE IMPROVED.

LAVENDER PINOCCHIO-Lavender.

ORANGE TRIUMPH-Orange.

PERMANENT WAVE-Pink.

PINOCCHIO-Pat. 484-A popular pink.

RED PINOCCHIO — Pat. 812 — New red form.

RED RIPPLES-Red.

SNOWBIRD-White.

WHITE PINOCCHIO--White.

WORLD'S FAIR—Pat. 362—Velvety blackscarlet.

Standard Varieties

Each \$1.75, Six \$ 9.00, Doz. \$15.00

Patented Varieties

Each \$2.50, Six \$15.00, Doz. \$25.00

WE ALSO HAVE A FEW

TREE ROSES in FOUR COLORS

Staked and Potted Plants - Each \$6.00

HARDY CLIMBING ROSES

BLAZE—Pat. 10—Vivid scarlet-red.

CRIMSON GLORY-Dark red.

DR. J. H. NICOLAS—Pat. 457—Immense, double rosy-pink everbloomer.

KING MIDAS — Pat. 586 — Large, golden yellow.

MARY WALLACE-Large, rose-pink.

NEW DAWN—Pat. 1—The Everblooming Dr. Van Fleet. Soft pink.

PAUL'S SCARLET—A popular redclimber.

Standard Varieties

Each \$1.75, Six \$ 9.00, Doz. \$15.00

Patented Varieties

Each \$2.50, Six \$15.00, Doz. \$25.00

EVERBLOOMING CLIMBING HYBRID TEAS

ETOILE DE HOLLANDE—Crimson-red.

K. A. VIKTORIA-White.

MRS. E. P. THOM-Clear yellow.

MRS. P. S. DuPONT-Yellow.

PINK RADIANCE-Pink.

PRES. HERBERT HOOVER—Flaming scarlet and yellow.

RED RADIANCE-Rose-red.

TALISMAN-Bicolor.

Each \$2.50, Six \$15.00, Doz. \$25.00

Plan to visit our Show Grounds during

APRIL - MAY - JUNE

to see our display of

TULIPS - PERENNIALS - ANNUALS

that are then blooming in our Show Beds.

Ask to see the new varieties that we have on trial and for sale next year.

J. H. BURTON

Kalmia Farms

IS A PART OF THE J. H. BURTON NURSERY

Of 285 acres of fine land, about 50 acres are now in nursery stocks, some growing since 1941 into fine specimens that can now be used to obtain beautiful landscape effects.

In addition to the area set aside for growing nursery stocks, we use about 25 acres to grow our fine grade of blue grass sod each year.

We have 70 Hereford steers. These steers are kept in order that we have on hand at all times a good supply of manure and top soil for both you and for us to use in the growing of good, strong, healthy nursery stock.

As you can see on the back cover of this price list, Kalmia Farms is located on Bowie's Mill Road, just off Ridland Road in Montgomery County, Maryland, 17 miles from our show grounds and office.

Although WE MAKE NO SALES AT THE FARM you are cordially invited to inspect our growing stock at any time.

Camellias - - -

We are offering for the first time both the Camellia Sasanqua and the Camellia Japonica. After trying these two types of Camellias for the past four years in our display grounds, we have found all the varieties listed below to be fairly hardy in this vicinity.

Camellias are not difficult to grow, however, they do best in a good well-drained soil that has a slight acid reaction. Good garden soil is suitable but it can be made better by adding leafmold or peatmoss. In heavy stiff soils a small quantity of sand is also beneficial.

In most soils, especially on clay lands, cottonseed meal alone is an excellent fertilizer. Other good fertilizing materials which are likewise acid in their reaction are well-rotted cow manure, sulfate of ammonia, and muriate of potash. If these materials are not available, we suggest a mixture of $\frac{1}{2}$ good garden soil, $\frac{1}{4}$ well-rotted cow manure, $\frac{1}{4}$ peatmoss or leafmold, well mixed.

The Camellia is less subject to disease and insect enemies than most other evergreen shrubs, but sometimes their foliage is attacked by scales. When this occurs they should be sprayed with a good miscible oil preparation at the rate of one part to 50 parts water.

The Camellia is one of the handsomest of all broadleaf evergreens and we feel is to be one of the outstanding plants for the gardens in this vicinity. Make this a "must" for your garden. Following are the varieties and sizes that we have in stock and ready for sale this spring.

CAMELLIA JAPONICA

Spring blooming Camellia—singles and doubles.

CHANDLERI ELEGANS. One of the largest peony-flowering Camellias. Cherry-red, with white variegations. Some are thick peony flowers with 500 petals, while others are loose peony form with yellow stamens.

HERME. Very large, peony-form blooms of elegant shape. Pink and red variegated with white margin.

PROF. C. S. SARGENT. Very thick, peonyform, solid crimson blooms of medium size.

 RAINY SUN. Twisted, rather narrow leaves. Flowers large, semi-double and deep crimson in color.

JARVIS RED. Deep blood-red, semi-double flowers with golden stamens. Very attractive among dark green foliage. One of the most popular kinds.

T. K. VARIEGATED. Semi-double; light pink, with darker pink margin, elegant form and coloring, with large cluster of yellow stamens. Small leaves. Compact, but fast grower. A dependable outdoor variety.

TRI-COLOR. Semi-double flowers of almost pure white to red and intermediate colors on same bush.

LADY ZANE GREY. Produces large pink and white variegated flowers of very lasting quality that vary in form from almost perfect double to loose peony form.

LINDSAY NEILL. A new variety that has attracted a good deal of attention in many sections. The flowers are medium to large, variegated vivid red and white. Very hardy. 12 to 18 in. potted, each	MINE-NO-YUKI. The large, double, white flowers resemble a carnation and are borne in such profusion as to literally cover the entire plant. When young, it is a loose open grower, but as it gets older it develops into a symmetrically round and compact specimen.
ST. ANDRE. The flowers are large, peony type, blood-red and distinctive. Rich dark foliage. Very handsome.	3 to 4 ft. B&B, each
12 to 18 in. potted, each	NEGISHEKO. Flowers very large, single, deep pink and very showy. Strong, upright
GIGANTEA. Very large leaves and spreading branches. The red and white flowers are peony form and of good size.	grower with dark glossy foliage. 3 to 4 ft. B&B, each
2 1/2 to 3 ft. B&B, each	ROSEA. A graceful and upright grower with very large single flowers of brilliant pink.
IMURA. Semi-double, snow-white with large petals and numerous yellow stamens. Midseason.	3 to 4 ft. B&B, each
2 1/2 to 3 ft. B&B, each	HINODE-GUMO. Very large, white blooms, margined pink, with wavy petals. 12 in. potted, each
LADY VAN SITTART, Variegated. Identical in growth and habit to the well-known red variety, but the flowers are beautifully striped or marked with white. 2 1/2 to 3 ft. B&B, each	USU BENI. Semi-double to loose peony-form flowers of soft orchid-pink, with some white variegation. Leaves unusually dark green and crenulated. 12 in. potted, each
CAMELLIA SASANQUA	CHOJIGURUMA. Flowers resemble a miniature Prof. C. S. Sargent Camellia; rosepink. Very unusual variety. 12 in. potted, each
One of the newer and finest of all the broad-leaved evergreens. Similar to Camillia Japonica but looser and faster growing. Very profuse bloomers, the flowers commencing to open the latter part of October and continu-	PAPAVER. Very light pink, single, bell-shaped flower, with 8 petals. Extremely early bloomer; slender, upright grower. 12 in. potted, each
ing on through December—a time when very few flowers can be had.	OLEIFERA. Very large white, with crinkled petals edged deep pink. Extremely fast grower.
ANNETTE. A two-toned variety, similar to Cinderella but more dense in growth and the flowers are a much deeper shade of	12 in. potted, each
pink. 3 to 4 ft. B&B, each	For Your
CINDERELLA. Rather dense, rapid grower	ACID LOVING PLANTS
of pyramidal habit, with handsome, single,	Use

two-toned flowers which are white in center and shade to pink at the ends of

12 in. potted, each...... 2.50

CLEOPATRA. Large, beautiful cherry-red flowers, often double, and having crinkled petals. Foliage thick, dark and glossy. A vigorous and compact grower.

3 to 4 ft. B&B, each......12.00 12 in. potted, each...... 2.50

the petals. Very early.

AGRICO BROADLEAF **EVERGREEN FERTILIZER**

You will help to keep the soil acid and encourage healthy vigorous plants and blooms.

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Directions:

From Chevy Chase, Bethesda Section, take East-West Highway to Georgia Ave. Cross Georgia Ave. to Philadelphia Ave., which is route 410. Continue on Route 410 all the way to Ager Road. Look for the Oval Neon Sign in front of our Nursery.

From Northwest Section or Virginia, take Rhode Island Ave. to 18th Street N. E. Left on 18th Street to Queens Chapel Road. Continue straight on Queens Chapel Road past first traffic light until next road on your left which is Ager Road. Past traffic light a short way to Nursery. Look for Oval Neon Sign in front of Nursery.

